



## Ę Ł ....D **CONDENSED INTERIM** R F Δ Δ ٨ ER 30. 2024 FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPT F Î



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#### CORPORATE INFORMATION As of September 30, 2024

#### Board of Directors

Ikramullah Khan\* Syed Asad Ali Shah Tahir Jawaid Abid Sattar Osman Asghar Khan Muhammed Shahid Sadiq Natasha Jehangir Khan Chairman / Non-Executive Director Independent Director Independent Director Independent Director Independent Director Independent Director

\* Ikramullah Khan is holding additional charge as Secretary Finance Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

#### Managing Director / CEO (Acting)

Irfan Saleem Awan

#### Shariah Board

Mufti Muhammad Zahid Mufti Muhammad Arif Khan Mufti Abdul Wahab Qazi Abdul Samad Chairman Shariah Board Member Shariah Board Member Shariah Board Resident Shariah Board Member (RSBM)

#### Board Audit Committee

Syed Asad Ali Shah	Chairman
Ikramullah Khan	Member
Abid Sattar	Member
Muhammed Shahid Sadiq	Member
Osman Asghar Khan	Member

#### **Board Human Resource & Remuneration Committee**

Abid Sattar	Chairperson
Tahir Jawaid	Member
Syed Asad Ali Shah	Member
Osman Asghar Khan	Member

#### **Board Risk Management Committee**

Abid Sattar	Chairman
Ikramullah Khan	Member
Muhammed Shahid Sadiq	Member
Osman Asghar Khan	Member
Managing Director	Member



#### **Board I.T Steering Committee**

Osman Asghar Khan	Chairman
Tahir Jawaid	Member
Muhammed Shahid Sadiq	Member
Abid Sattar	Member
Managing Director	Member

#### **Board Compliance Committee**

Muhammed Shahid Sadiq	
Ikramullah Khan	
Abid Sattar	
Managing Director	

#### **Chief Financial Officer**

Irfan Saleem Awan

#### **Company Secretary**

Sara Shah

#### Registered Office / Head Office

#### The Bank of Khyber

24 - The Mall, Peshawar Cantt.

UAN# 00-92-91-111 95 95 95 URL: www.bok.com.pk

#### Auditors

M/s PwC A.F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants

#### Legal Advisors

M/s. Mohsin Tayebaly & Co., Karachi

#### Registrar and Share Registration Office

THK Associates (Pvt) Ltd. Plot # 32-C, Jami Commercial Street 2 D.H.A, Phase-VII, Karachi-75500

Chairman Member Member Member



#### **Directors' Review**

#### Introduction

On behalf of the Board of Directors of **The Bank of Khyber (The Bank)**, I am pleased to present the detailed review of our performance for the nine month period ended September 30, 2024.

#### **Economic Overview**

There has been marked improvement in the economic indicators during the period under review with a major recent positive development in the form of loan agreement secured by Government of Pakistan from International Monetary Fund (IMF). Economic growth remains steady, driven largely by consumer demand and recovery in the export sector also increases in remittances which held to manage current account positive. Keeping in view the improvements of overall economic condition and substantial reduction in the inflationary pressure from 28% to 7%, SBP during the nine months' period gradually reduced the policy rate from 22% to 17.5%.

#### Bank's Operational Overview

The Bank of Khyber registered healthy performance despite the challenging economic environment. Key financial indicators of the Bank for the period under review are as follows:

	Rs. in M	illion
	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Total Assets	385,972	383,186
Deposits	319,938	289,292
Advance (Gross) Investments (Net)	80,909 253,619	109,703 223,348

	For the nine mon	th period ended
	September 30,	September 30,
	2024	2023
Operating Profit	5,874	5,227
Credit Loss Allowance / Provisions		
and write offs – Net	(142)	545
Profit Before Taxation	6,016	4,682
Taxation	3,417	2,209
Profit After Taxation	2,599	2,473

The Bank's net mark-up income increased to Rs. 12.011 billion registering a healthy growth of 27.3%. This growth is reflective of Bank's prudent portfolio management strategy keeping in view the interest rate scenario. Non mark-up income of the Bank for the current nine month stood at Rs. 1.336 billion (9M 2023: Rs. 1.711 billion) whereas gross income of the Bank stood at Rs. 13.347 billion as against Rs. 11.146 billion during the same period last year. This translates into a healthy growth of 19.7% in gross income. Operating cost of the Bank increased by 26.3% mainly due to inflationary impacts and Bank's overall increased business operations. During the nine month period, there was a reversal of provision / credit loss allowance amounting to Rs. 142 million as against the provision /credit loss charge of Rs. 545 million during same period last year.



provision/credit loss allowance during the period reflects successful implementation of Bank's robust strategy for recovery from non-performing assets. Moreover, the Bank has implemented IFRS-9 effective January 01, 2024 which resulted in overall increase of provision coverage ratio against NPLs.

Profit before tax for the 9M-2024 showed a sizeable growth of 28.5% which increased to Rs. 6.016 billion as against Rs. 4.682 billion during the same period last year while profit after tax stood at Rs. 2.599 billion as against Rs. 2.473 same period last year.

#### Future Outlook

Several strategic initiatives are currently underway to ensure the Bank's sustained growth and competitiveness:

- Digital Transformation: Expanding digital capabilities to enhance customer experience, drive
  operational efficiencies, and support the Bank's future scalability. The Bank has recently
  launched is new mobile app along with digital master card.
- Product Development: Tailoring products for key customer segments, including SMEs, green finance solutions, and innovative Islamic banking products to cater to evolving customer needs.
- Market Penetration: Implementing focused marketing campaigns to deepen market outreach and enhance brand recognition.

The Bank remains steadfast in its commitment to sustainable growth, prudent risk management, and enhancing shareholder value.

#### **Credit Ratings**

During the period under review, the Bank's credit ratings have been reaffirmed by both the rating agencies as follows:

- **PACRA**: Long-term entity rating at 'A+' (Single A plus), short-term rating at 'A1' (A-one), with a stable outlook.
- VIS Credit Rating Company: Long-term entity rating at 'A+' (Single A plus), short-term rating at 'A-1 (A-one)', with a stable outlook.

These ratings denote low expectation of credit risk emanating from strong capacity of timely payment of financial commitments.

#### Acknowledgements

We express our profound gratitude to our regulatory bodies, including the State Bank of Pakistan, for their guidance. Our thanks also extend to the Shareholders for their continued support. Most importantly, we are grateful to our customers and business partners for their enduring trust and to our employees for their dedication and hard work.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

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Irfan Saleem Awan Managing Director

Peshawar: October 29, 2024



#### CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

ASSETS Cash and balances with treasury banks Balances with other banks Lendings to financial institutions Investments Advances Property and equipment Right-of-use assets Intangible assets	Note 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	(Un-audited) September 30, 2024 Rupees 24,809,990 3,354,560 10,064,217 253,619,130 67,751,160 4,351,005 2,123,162 401,415	23,895,690 3,960,115 2,000,000 223,348,499 101,587,580 4,399,426 2,549,241 428,608
Deferred tax assets Other assets	13 14	1,968,326 17,528,742	1,346,748 19,670,577
Total Assets	14	385,971,707	383,186,484
LIABILITIES Bills payable Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Lease liabilities Subordinated debt Deferred tax liabilities Other liabilities Total Liabilities	15 16 17 18 19	1,507,141 21,140,810 319,938,158 2,120,625 - - 20,670,017 365,376,751	3,759,078 50,460,559 289,291,561 2,407,066 - - 16,966,936 362,885,200
NET ASSETS		20,594,956	20,301,284
<b>REPRESENTED BY</b> Share capital Reserves Surplus on revaluation of assets - net Unappropriated profit	20 21	11,579,360 4,862,820 1,532,547 2,620,229 20,594,956	11,027,905 4,343,001 124,622 4,805,756 20,301,284
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	22		

The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

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MANAGING DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

DIRECTOR

DIRECTOR

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#### CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		Quarte	r ended	Period	ended
		July 1	July 1	January 1	January 1
		to	to	to	to
		September 30,	September 30,	September 30,	September 30,
		2024	2023	2024	2023
	Note		Rupees	in '000	
Mark-up / return / interest earned	23	16,062,205	16,460,304	49,830,477	41,238,013
Mark-up / return / interest expensed	24	11,623,482	13,002,200	37,819,480	31,803,684
Net mark-up / interest income		4,438,723	3,458,104	12,010,997	9,434,329
NON MARK-UP / INTEREST INCOME					
Fee and commission income	25	217,329	135,935	700,621	449,853
Dividend income		178	3,587	391	8,488
Foreign exchange income Income / (loss) from derivatives		143,804	342,085	481,132	1,235,272
Gain / (loss) on securities	26	42,540	(68,572)	41,772	(70,264)
Net gains / (loss) on derecogn tion of financial assets	20	42,040	(00,072)	41,772	(
measured at amortised cost		-	-	-	-
Share of profit of associate		2,039	874	11,182	9
Other income	27	34,948	30,885	100,660	88,363
Total non-mark-up / interest income		440,838	444,794	1,335,758	1,711,721
Total income		4,879,561	3,902,898	13,346,755	11,146,050
NON MARK-UP / INTEREST EXPENSES					
Operating expenses	28	2,557,654	2,179,816	7,471,237	5,915,577
Workers Welfare Fund		-	-	-	-
Other charges	29	1,550	1,269	1,856	3,711
Total non-mark-up / interest expenses		2,559,204	2,181,085	7,473,093	5,919,288
PROFIT BEFORE CREDIT LOSS ALLOWANCE /					
PROVISIONS		2,320,357	1,721,813	5,873,662	5,226,762
Credit loss allowance / provisions and write offs - net	30	(250,242)	105,799	(142,191)	544,651
Extra ordinary / unusual items		-	-	-	-
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		2,570,599	1,616,014	6,015,853	4,682,111
Taxation	31	1,503,861	831,809	3,416,756	2,209,152
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		1,066,738	784,205	2,599,097	2,472,959
			Rup		
			(Restated)		(Restated)
Basic and diluted earnings per share	32	0.92	0.68	2.24	2.14

The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

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MANAGING DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

DIRECTOR

DIRECTOR

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CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024	DITED
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FOR THE ININE MONTH FEMODE ENDED SET LEMIDER 30, 2024		10, 2024		
	Quarte	Quarter ended	Period	Period ended
	July 1	July 1	January 1	January 1
	to	to	to	to
	September 30,	September 30,	September 30, September 30, September 30, September 30,	September 30,
	2024	2023	2024	2023
		Rupee	Kupees in '000 Rupees	
Profit after taxation for the period	1,066,738	784,205	2,599,097	2,472,959
Other comprehensive income / (loss)				
Items that may be reclassified to statement of profit and loss account				
in subsequent periods: Movement in surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of debt investments through FVOCI - net of tax	935,039	493,160	676,766	(731,211)
Items that will not be reclassified to statement of profit and loss account				
in subsequent periods:				
Movement in surplus on revaluation of equity investments - net of tax	390	1	983	T
Movement in deficit on revaluation of non-banking assets - net of tax		I	ı	(2,680)
Share of surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of investment in associate - net of tax	261	118	1,406	(453)
Share of remeasurement (loss) / gain on defined benefit obligations of associate - net of tax	I	I	(916)	564
	651	118	1,473	(2,569)

The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

Total comprehensive income

1,739,179

3,277,336

1,277,483 118 ī

2,002,428 651 .



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DIRECTOR





# The Bank of Khyber

# FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024 CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Chine Mile	(Parcel)	(Posteel)
	<ul> <li>these condensed interim financial statements.</li> </ul>	The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these condensed interm financial statements.
	a, 2023 (Hs. 0.50 per share) 11 2023 (Hs. 0.50 per share)	ministician lowering to the year endows becampler on , 2023 (Rs. 0.50 per strate). Bonus shares issued for the year ended December 31, 2023 (Rs. 0.50 per share). Balance as at September 30, 2024 (un-audited)
	• equity	Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity
	ing asset - net of tax	i ransier to statutory reserve Transfer from surplus on revaluation of non-banking asset - net of tax
		Total other comprehensive income - net of tax Transfer to statutory reserve
	or associate - net of tax investments - net of tax sft obligations of associate - net of tax	is an or a public sort revallation of equily investments - not solver or read- Movement in surplus on revallation of equily investments - net of the Share of remeasurement loss on defined benefit obligations of associate - net of tax
	nents in debt instruments - net of tax	Other comprehensive income / (loss) - net of tax Movement in surplus on revaluation of investments in debt instruments - net of tax
	filtRS 9	Balance as at January 1, 2024 after adoption of IFRS 9
	2	Impact of adoption of IFRS 9 - net of tax - note 4.2
	ing asset - net of tax	Transfer from surplus on revaluation of non-banking asset - net of tax Balance as at December 31, 2023 (audited)
		Transfer to statutory reserve
	syaniu equipiments - net of tax inking assetts - net of tax	movement in support resource success or property and republication of the Movement in surgius on reveluation of non-banking assets - net of tax Total other comprehensive income - net of tax
	ations - net of tax sfit obligation of associate - net of tax	Remeasurement of in the dement of the dement
	nents in debt instruments - net of tax	Other comprehensive income / (loss) - net of tax Movement in surplus on revaluation of investments in debt instruments - net of tax
	a) nded December 31, 2023	balance as at september 30, 2025 (un-audited) Profit after taxation for the three month period ended December 31, 2023
	ing asset - net of tax	Transfer from surplus on revaluation of non-banking asset - net of tax
		Transfer to statutory reserve
	an compared of tax	uner en interesserent gemannen. gemannen uner neu zen en trongrakten in assore neuer en in deficit on revallmation of non-banking assets - net of tax Total ocher comprehensive loss - net of tax
	ents in debt instruments - net of tax of associate - net of tax fir abilination of associate - net of tax	outer compartiers aver uses / #iconie = rector loax Movement in deficit on revaluation of investments in debt instruments - net of tax Share of deficit on revaluation of investments of associate - net of tax
	ided September 30, 2023	Profit after taxation for the nine month period ended September 30, 2023
		Balance as at January 1, 2023 (audited)
I		

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	Statutory		Levaluation of		Unappropriated	
capital	reserve	Investments	Property and equipment	Non-banking assets	profit	Total
			Rupees in '000			
11,027,905	3,646,746	(1.042,518)	787,200	25,461	1,982,704	16,427,498
•				,	2,472,959	2,472,959
	[	(731.211)				(731,211)
•		(453)	,	,		(#23)
1	•		1	1	564	564
•		•	•	(2,680)		(2,680)
.	].	(731,664)	.	(2,680)	564	(733,780)
	494,592	•	•	•	(494,592)	,
	•	1		(1,647)	1,647	•
11,027,905	4,141,338	(1,774,182)	787,200	21,134	3,963,282	18,166,677
•	ı		ı		1,008,318	1,008,318
	-	950,831				950,831
1	•	130	•	•		77 241
					(50)	(66)
i.			112,920	,		112,920
		•		28,196		28,196
		950,961	112,920	28,196	34,212	1,126,289
•	201,663		•		(201.663)	i
•	ī	1	1	(1,607)	1,607	•
11,027,905	4,343,001	(823,221)	900,120	47,723	4,805,756	20,301,284
,	•	734,820	•	•	(2,064,120)	(1,329,300)
11,027,905	4,343,001	(88,401)	900,120	47,723	2,741,636	18,971,984
•	•	•	•		2,599,097	2,599,097
	[	676,766	•			676,766
•	•	1,406	•	i		1,406
		983			-	983 (916)
.	].	679,155			(916)	678,239
ı	519,819	•	•	•	(519,819)	•
,	ı	ı	ı	(6,050)	6,050	ı
	ı	1	ı		(1,654,364)	(1,654,364)
551,455	,	•	•		(551,455)	•
11,579,360	4,862,820	590,754	900,120	41,673	2,620,229	20.594,956

# The Bank of Khyber

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER O'Breek m

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DIRECTOR

DIRECTOR





#### CONDENSED INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		January 1 to September 30, 2024	January 1 to September 30, 2023
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	Rupees	in '000
Profit before taxation		6,015,853	4,682,111
Less: Dividend income		391	8,488
		6,015,462	4,673,623
Adjustments:		(10.010.007)	(0.(7(.700))
Net mark-up / return / interest income Depreciation - Property and equipment	28	(12,010,997) 565,350	(9,434,329) 506,270
Depreciation - Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	28	30,577	25,313
Depreciation - Right-of-use assets	28	557,304	518,289
Amortization	28	60,314	72,870
Credit loss allowance / provisions and write offs	30	(142,191)	544,651
Unrealised gain on revaluation of investments measured at FVTPL	26	(35,258)	-
(Gain) / loss on disposal of property and equipment - net	27	(8,101)	236
Loss / (gain) on early culmination of lease Finance charges on leased assets	27 24	3,492	(1,434)
Exchange loss / (gain) on cash and cash equivalents	24	322,333 11,241	165,498 (293,096)
Share of profit of associate		(11,182)	(255,050)
		(10,657,118)	(7,895,741)
		(4,641,656)	(3,222,118)
Decrease in operating assets			
Lendings to financial institutions		(8,000,000)	(27,878,773)
Securities classified as FVTPL		(1,420,667)	(201,557)
Advances Other assate (evoluting mork up receivable)		28,793,758 4,945,061	34,655,700 (1,623,037)
Other assets (excluding mark-up receivable)		24,318,152	4,952,333
(Decrease) / increase in operating liabilities			10021000
Bills payable		(2,251,937)	(854,675)
Borrowings from financial institutions		(29,319,749)	10,220,022
Deposits		30,646,597	35,960,201
Other liabilities (excluding current taxation and mark-up payable)		754,787 (170,302)	552,065 45,877,613
Mark-up / interest received		47.028.476	45,877,615 31,744,616
Mark-up / interest paid		(36,748,407)	(28,962,420)
Income tax paid		(1,665,056)	(1,172,500)
Net cash flow from operating activities		28,121,207	49,217,524
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Net investments in amortised cost / held to maturity securities		14,942,021	2,497,520
Net investments in securities classified as FVOCI / AFS		(39,867,399)	(44,670,705)
Dividends received		391	8,488
Investments in property and equipment		(521,010)	(655,825)
Investments in intangible assets Disposal of property and equipment		(33,121) 12,182	(19,517) 2.373
Net cash flow used in investing activities		(25,466,936)	(42,837,666)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(60/ 5)	(005 155)
Payments of lease obligations against right-of-use assets Dividend paid		(694,565)	(805,109)
Net cash flow used in financing activities		(1,639,416) (2,333,981)	(163) (805,272)
·			(
Effects of credit loss allowance changes on cash and cash equivalents		(304)	
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents Increase in cash and cash equivalents		(11,241)	293,096
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		308,745 27.855.805	5,867,682 19,830,357
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		27,855,805	25,698,039
The annexed notes 1 to 39 form an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.			

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DIRECTOR

MANAGING DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

DIRECTOR

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#### 1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

The Bank of Khyber (the Bank) was established in Pakistan under The Bank of Khyber Act, 1991 and is principally engaged in the business of commercial banking and related services. The Bank acquired the status of a scheduled bank in 1994 and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office of the Bank is situated at 24-The Mall, Peshawar Cantt, Peshawar. The Bank operates 238 branches including 123 Islamic banking branches (December 31, 2023: 238 branches including 123 Islamic banking branches). The long term credit rating of the Bank assigned by VIS Credit Rating Company Limited and Pakistan Credit Rating Agency Limited (PACRA) are 'A+' and 'A+' respectively and the short-term credit ratings assigned are 'A-1' (A-One) and 'A-1' (A-One) respectively. The majority shares (i.e. 70.20%) of the Bank are held by Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (GoKP).

The Provincial Assembly of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa has passed the Bank of Khyber (Amendment) Act, 2022. As part of the amendments, the name of Bank has been changed from "The Bank of Khyber" to "Bank of Khyber". The Bank is in the process of seeking necessary regulatory approval for the same.

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

- 2.1 In accordance with the directives of the Federal Government regarding the shifting of the banking system to Islamic modes, the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) has issued various circulars from time to time. Permissible forms of trade-related modes of financing include purchase of goods by the banks from their customers and immediate resale to them at appropriate profit in price on deferred payment basis. The purchases and sales arising under the respective arrangements (except for Murabaha financings accounted for under Islamic Financial Accounting Standard 1 "Murabaha") are not reflected in these condensed interim financial statements as such, but are restricted to the amount of facility actually utilized and the appropriate portion of profit thereon.
- 2.2 The Islamic banking branches of the Bank have complied with the requirements as set out in the Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS), issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) as are notified under the provisions of Companies Act, 2017.
- 2.3 The financial results of the Islamic Banking Branches have been included in these condensed interim financial statements for reporting purposes, after eliminating the effects of inter-branch transactions and balances. Key financial figures of the Islamic Banking Branches are disclosed in note 37 to these condensed interim financial statements.
- 2.4 These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain property and equipment and non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims which are stated at revalued amounts; investment classified at fair value through profit or loss and at fair value through other comprehensive income, which are measured at fair value; defined benefit obligations which are carried at present value; and right of use of assets and related lease liability measured at present value on initial recognition.
- 2.5 The Bank believes that there is no significant doubt on the Bank's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, these condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.
- 2.6 These condensed interim financial statements have been presented in Pakistani Rupee, which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency. The figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupees, unless otherwise stated.

#### 3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

3.1 These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of:

- International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;

- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017;

- Provisions of and directives issued under the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962 and the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Directives issued by the State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) and the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP).

Whenever the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 or the directives issued by the SBP and the SECP differ with the requirements of IAS 34 or IFAS, the requirements of the Banking Companies Ordinance, 1962, the Companies Act, 2017 and the said directives, shall prevail.

- 3.2 The disclosures made in these condensed interim financial statements have been limited based on the format prescribed by the SBP vide BPRD Circular Letter No. 2 dated February 9, 2023 and IAS 34. These condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the audited annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.
- 3.3 SBP vide BSD Circular Letter No. 10, dated August 26, 2002, has deferred the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 40, Investment Property for banking companies till further instructions. Moreover, SBP vide BPRD Circular No. 4, dated February 25, 2015, has deferred the applicability of Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) 3, Profit and Loss Sharing on Deposits. Further, according to the notification of the SECP issued vide SRO 411(1)/2008 dated April 28, 2008, International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures has not been made applicable for banks. Accordingly, the requirements of these standards have not been considered in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements
- 3.4 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to published approved accounting and reporting standards that are effective in the current period

There are certain new and amended standards, issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Bank's accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any material effect on the Bank's operations and therefore not detailed in these condensed interim financial statements except for IFRS 9 (Financial Instruments), the impact of which is disclosed under note 4.2.



#### 3.5 Standards, interpretations of and amendments to published approved accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective

There are certain new and amended standards, issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), interpretations and amendments that are mandatory for the Bank's accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025 but are considered not to be relevant or do not have any material effect on the Bank's operations except for:

	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7 - Classification and Measurement of	
Financial Instruments	January 1, 2026
FRS 18 - Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	January 1, 2027

#### 4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

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The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the annual audited financial statements of the Bank for the year ended December 31, 2023, except for changes mentioned in notes 4.1 and 4.2.

#### 4.1 Adoption of new forms for the preparation of the condensed interim financial statements

The SBP, vide its BPRD Circular No. 02 dated February 9, 2023, issued the revised forms for the preparation of the condensed interim quarterly / half yearly financial statements of the Banks / DFIs which are applicable for quarterly / half yearly periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024 as per BPRD Circular Letter No. 07 of 2023 dated April 13, 2023. The implementation of the revised forms has resulted in certain changes to the presentation and disclosures of various elements of the condensed interim financial statements. The significant change is relating to right of use assets and corresponding lease liability which are now presented separately on the face of the statement of financial position. Previously, these were presented under property and equipment (earlier titled as fixed assets) and other liabilities respectively. There is no impact of this change on the condensed interim financial statements in terms of recognition and measurement of assets and liabilities.

The Bank has adopted the above changes in the presentation and made additional disclosures to the extent applicable to its operations and corresponding figures have been rearranged / reclassified to correspond to the current period presentation, as presented in note 38.

#### 4.2 IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

As per SBP BPRD Circular Letter No. 07 of 2023 dated April 13, 2023, IFRS 9 is applicable on banks with effect from January 1, 2024. IFRS 9 brings fundamental changes to the accounting for financial assets and to certain aspects of accounting for financial liabilities. To determine appropriate classification and measurement category, IFRS 9 requires all financial assets, except equity instruments, to be assessed based on combination of the entity's business model for managing the assets and the instruments' contractual cash flow characteristics. The adoption of IFRS 9 has also fundamentally changed the impairment method of financial assets with a forward-looking Expected Credit Losses (ECL) approach.



The SBP through its BPRD Circular Letter No. 16 dated July 29, 2024 has made certain amendments and extended the timelines of SBP's IFRS 9 Application Instructions to address most of the matters raised by the banks with a direction to ensure compliance by the extended timeline.

There are a few matters including fair valuation of subsidized loans (other than staff loans) and income recognition on Islamic financing which are still under deliberation with the SBP. The Bank has continued to follow the treatment adopted in respect of these matters in the prior periods till the matter is under consideration with the SBP.

#### 4.2.1 Classification

#### **Financial assets**

Under IFRS 9, existing categories of financial assets: Held for trading (HFT), Available for sale (AFS), Held to maturity (HTM) and loans and receivables have been replaced by:

- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss account (FVTPL)
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)
- Financial assets at amortised cost

#### **Financial liabilities**

Under IFRS 9, the accounting for financial liabilities remains largely the same as before adoption of IFRS 9 and thus financial liabilities are being carried at amortised cost except for derivatives which are being measured at FVTPL.

#### 4.2.2 Business model assessment

The Bank determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective.

The Bank's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- The objectives for the portfolio, in particular, whether the management's strategy focuses on earning contractual
  revenue, maintaining a particular yield profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of the
  liabilities that are funding those assets or realising cash flows through the sale of the assets:
- How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the Bank's key management personnel;
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed; and
- The expected frequency, value and timing of sale are also important aspects of the Bank's assessment. However, information about sales activity is not considered in isolation, but as part of an overall assessment of how the Bank's stated objective for managing the financial assets is achieved and how cash flows are realised.

The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account.

Eventually, the financial assets fall under either of the following three business models:

- i) Hold to Collect (HTC) business model: Holding assets in order to collect contractual cash flows
- ii) Hold to Collect and Sell (HTC&S) business model: Collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets
- iii) Other business models: Resulting in classification of financial assets as FVTPL



#### 4.2.3 Assessments whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest / profit (SPPI)

As a second step of its classification process, the Bank assesses the contractual terms of financial assets to identify whether they meet the SPPI test. 'Principal' for the purpose of this test is defined as the fair value of the financial asset initial recognition and may change over the life of the financial asset (for example, if there are repayments of principal or amortisation of the premium / discount). The most significant elements of interest / profit within a financing arrangement are typically the consideration for the time value of money and credit risk. To make the SPPI assessment, the Bank applies judgment and considers relevant factors such as, but not limited to, the currency in which the financial asset is denominated, and the period for which the interest / profit rate is set. Where the contractual terms introduce exposure to risk or volatility that are inconsistent with basic lending arrangement, the related financial asset is classified and measured at FVTPL.

#### 4.2.4 Application to the Bank's financial assets

#### Debt based financial assets

Debt based financial assets held by the Bank include: advances, lendings to financial institutions, investment in federal government securities, corporate bonds / term finance certificates and other private sukuks, cash and balances with treasury banks, balances with other banks, and other financial assets.

- a) These are measured at amortised cost if they meet both of the following conditions and are not designated as FVTPL:
  - the assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
  - the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest / profit on the principal amount outstanding.

The Bank's business model for these financial assets can still be HTC even when sales of these financial assets occur. However, if more than an infrequent number of sales of significant value are made, the Bank assesses whether and how the sales are consistent with the HTC objective.

- b) Debt based financial assets are measured at FVOCI only if these meet both of the following conditions and are not designated as FVTPL:
  - the asset are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
  - the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest / profit on the principal amount outstanding.
- c) Debt based financial assets if these are held for trading purposes are classified as measured at FVTPL.

In addition, on initial recognition, the Bank may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

The application of these policies also resulted in classifications and consequent remeasurements of certain investments in PIBs and Ijarah Sukuk held under available for sale portfolio as of December 31, 2023 to hold to collect based on the business model assessment and certain TFCs and private sukuks held under available for sale portfolio as of December 31, 2023 to other business model (hold to sell) based on assessment of whether contractual cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest / profit (SPPI). The following table reconciles their carrying amounts as reported on December 31, 2023 to the carrying amounts under IFRS 9 on transition to IFRS 9 on January 1, 2024:

	FOR THE NINE MON		FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024	, 2024	
Investment type and category	Balances as of December 31, 2023 (Audited)	IFRS 9 Classification	Balances as of December 31, 2023	Remeasurements	Balances as of January 1, 2024 - before ECL
Federal Government Securities			Rupees in '000		
- Pakistan Investment Bonds - AFS	161,781,400	FVOCI	138,626,810	1	138,626,810
		Amortised Cost	23,154,590	2,110,045	25,264,635
	161,781,400		161,781,400	2,110,045	165,891,445
- Ijarah Sukuk - AFS	51,380,046	FVOCI	47,026,046	1	47,026,046
		Amortised Cost	4,354,000	681,514	5,035,514
	51,380,046		51,380,046	681,514	52,061,560
	213,161,446		213,161,446	2,791,559	215,953,005
Non-Government Debt Securities					
<ul> <li>Term Finance Certificate - AFS</li> </ul>	3,500,150	FVOCI	2,298,350	(249,735)	2,048,615
		FVTPL	1,201,800	I	1,201,800
	3,500,150		3,500,150	(249,735)	3,250,415
- Sukuk - AFS	3,620,809	FVOCI	3,445,809	1	3,445,809
		FVTPL	175,000	1	175,000
	3,620,809		3,620,809	ļ	3,620,809
	7,120,959		7,120,959	(249,735)	6,871,224
Total	220,282,405		220,282,405	2,541,824	222,824,229
Equity based financial assets					

An equity instrument held by the Bank for trading purposes is classified as measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading. the Bank may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

million on listed equity investments and Rs. 371.22 million for unlisted equity investment held as at December 31, 2023 to surplus / deficit on revaluation of investments IFRS 9 has eliminated impairment assessment requirements for investments in equity instruments. Accordingly, the Bank has reclassified impairment of Rs. 262.87 through remeasurements.

# The Bank of Khyber



The measurement category and carrying amount of financial assets in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan before and after adoption of IFRS 9 as at January 1, 2024 are compared as follows:

	Before adoption of IFRS 9	of IFRS 9	After adoption of IFRS 9	6
		Carrying		Carrying amount as at
Einnerial accorte	Measurement	amount as at	Monstramont contractor	
	category	December 31,		- hefore FCI
		2023		
		Rupees in '000		Rupees in '000
Cash and balances with treasury banks	Loans and receivables	23,895,690	Amortised cost	23,895,690
Balances with other banks	Loans and receivables	3,960,115	Amortised cost	3,960,115
Lendings to financial institutions - net	Loans and receivables	2,000,000	Amortised cost	2,000,000
Investments - net	Held-for-trading	ı	Fair value through profit or loss	I
			Fair value through profit or loss	1,376,800
	Available-for-sale	220.501.912	Fair value through other	
			comprehensive income	191,366,787
			Amortised cost	30,300,149
		220,501,912		223,043,736
	Held-to-maturity	2,756,377	Amortised cost	2,756,377
Advances - net	Loans and receivables	101,587,580	Amortised cost	101,587,580
Other secore	I cape and receivablee	18 607 108	Fair value through profit or loss	31,449
	LUALIS ALIA LECEIVADIES	10,037,100	Amortised cost	18,665,659
		18,697,108		18,697,108
		373,398,782		375,940,606



#### 4.2.5 Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade date, the date on which the Bank purchases or sells the asset. Other financial assets and liabilities like advances, lendings to financial institutions, deposits etc. are recognised when funds are transferred to the customers' account or financial institutions.

#### a) Amortised cost (AC)

Financial assets and financial liabilities under amortised cost category are initially recognised at fair value adjusted for directly attributable transaction cost. These are subsequently measured at amortised cost. An expected credit loss allowance (ECL) is recognised for financial assets in the condensed interim statement of profit and loss account. Interest income / profit / expense on these assets / liabilities are recognised in the condensed interim statement of profit and loss account. On derecognition of these financial assets and liabilities, capital gain / loss will be recognised in the condensed interim statement of profit and loss account.

#### b) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

Financial assets under FVOCI category are initially recognised at fair value adjusted for directly attributable transaction cost. These assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes recorded in OCI. An expected credit loss allowance (ECL) is recognised for debt based financial assets in the condensed interim statement of profit and loss account. Interest / profit / dividend income on these assets are recognised in the condensed interim statement of profit and loss account. On derecognition of debt based financial assets, capital gain / loss will be recognised in the condensed interim statement of profit and loss account. For equity based financial assets classified as FVOCI, capital gain / loss is transferred from surplus / deficit to unappropriated profit.

#### c) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Financial assets under FVTPL category are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction cost will be directly recorded in the condensed interim statement of profit and loss account. These assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes recorded in the condensed interim statement of profit and loss account. Interest / dividend income on these assets are recognised in the condensed interim statement of profit and loss account. On derecognition of these financial assets, capital gain / loss will be recognised in the condensed interim statement of profit and loss account. An expected credit loss allowance (ECL) is not recognised for these financial assets.



#### 4.2.6 Derecognition

#### **Financial assets**

The Bank derecognises a financial asset when:

- the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire;
- it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which either:
  - substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred; or
  - the Bank neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Bank enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised in its condensed interim statement of financial position, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

#### **Financial liabilities**

The Bank derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expired. The Bank also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognised in the condensed interim statement of profit and loss account.

#### 4.2.7 Expected Credit Loss (ECL)

The Bank assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses ('ECL') associated with all advances and other debt financial assets not held at FVTPL, together with letter of credit and financial guarantees hereinafter referred to as "Financial Instruments". The Bank recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflects:

- an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- the time value of money; and
- reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.



The ECL allowance is based on the credit losses expected to arise over the life of the asset (the lifetime expected credit loss or LTECL), unless there has been no significant increase in credit risk since origination, in which case, the allowance is based on the 12 months' expected credit loss (12mECL). The 12mECL is the portion of LTECLs that represent the ECLs that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date. Both LTECLs and 12mECLs are calculated at facility level.

The Bank has established a policy to perform an assessment, at the end of each reporting period, of whether a financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, by considering the change in the risk of default occurring over the remaining life of the financial instrument. The Bank considers an exposure to have significantly increased in credit risk when there is considerable deterioration in the internal rating grade for subject customer. The Bank also applies a secondary qualitative method for triggering a significant increase in credit risk for an asset, such as moving a customer / facility to the watch list or the account becoming forborne. Regardless of the change in credit grades, generally, the Bank considers that there has been a si nificant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 60 days past due.

Based on the above process, the Bank groups its financial instruments into Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3 as described below:

Stage 1:

When financial instruments are first recognised, the Bank recognises an allowance based on 12mECLs. Stage 1 financial instruments also include facilities where the credit risk has improved and these have been reclassified from Stage 2. The 12mECL is calculated as the portion of LTECLs that represent the ECLs that result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date. The Bank calculates the 12mECL allowance based on the expectation of a default occurring in the 12 months following the reporting date. These expected 12-month default probabilities are applied to a forecast Exposure At Default (EAD) and multiplied by the expected Loss Given Default (LGD) and discounted by an approximation to the original Effective Interest Rate (EIR). This calculation is made for all the scenarios.

Stage 2:

When a financial instrument has shown a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the Bank records an allowance for the LTECLs. Stage 2 also includes facilities, where the credit risk has improved and the instrument has been reclassified from Stage 3. The mechanics are similar to those explained above, including the use of multiple scenarios, but PDs are applied over the lifetime of the instrument. The expected cash flows are discounted by an approximation to the original EIR.



Stage 3:	For financial instruments considered credit-impaired, the Bank recognises the LTECLs for these instruments. The Bank uses a PD of 100% and LGD as computed for each portfolio or as prescribed by the SBP.
Financial guarantee and letters of credit contracts	The Bank estimates ECLs based on the BASEL driven credit conversion factor (CCF) for guarantee and letter of credit contracts. The calculation is made using a probability-weighting of the three scenarios. The ECLs related to guarantee and letter of credit contracts are recognised within other liabilities.

#### The calculation of ECLs

The Bank calculates ECLs based on a three probability-weighted scenarios to measure the expected cash flows, discounted at an approximation to the EIR.

The mechanics of the ECL calculations are outlined below and the key elements are, as follows:

- PD The Probability of Default (PD) is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. A default may only happen at a certain time over the assessed period, if the facility has not been previously derecognised and is still in the portfolio. PD is estimated based on statistical technique such as Transition Matrix approach. PDs for non advances portfolio is based on S&Ps global transition default matrices, PDs are then adjusted using Vasicek Model to incorporate forward looking information.
- EAD The Exposure at Default (EAD) is an estimate of the exposure at a future default date, taking into account expected changes in the exposure after the reporting date, including repayments of principal and profit, whether scheduled by contract or otherwise, and accrued interest / profit from missed payments. The maximum period for which the credit losses are determined is the contractual life of a financial instrument unless the Bank has a legal right to call it earlier. The Bank's product offering includes a variety of corporate and retail facilities, in which the Bank has the right to cancel and / or reduce the facilities.
- LGD The Loss Given Default (LGD) is an estimate of the loss arising in the case where a default occurs at a given time. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the lender would expect to receive, including from the realisation of any collateral. It is usually expressed as a percentage of the EAD.

The discount rate used to discount the ECLs is based on the effective interest rate that is expected to be charged over the expected period of exposure to the facilities. In the absence of computation of the effective interest rate (at reporting date), the Bank uses an approximation e.g. contractual rate (at reporting date).



Effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liabilities to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Bank seeks to use collateral, where possible. The Bank considers only those collaterals as eligible collaterals in the EAD calculation which have the following characteristics:

- History of legal certainty and enforceability
- History of enforceability and recovery

When estimating the ECLs, the Bank considers three scenarios (a base case, a best case, a worst case). Each of these is associated with different PDs.

The Bank's management has only considered cash, liquid securities, and Government of Pakistan guarantees as eligible collaterals, while calculating EADs.

The credit exposure (in local currency) that have been guaranteed by the Government and Government Securities are exempted from the application of ECL calculation.

#### Forward looking information

In its ECL models, the Bank relies on range of the following forward looking information as economic inputs, such as:

- GDP growth
- Consumer price index

#### Definition of default

The concept of "impairment or "default" is critical to the implementation of IFRS 9 as it drives determination of risk parameters, i.e. PD, LGD and EAD.

As per BPRD Circular No. 03 of 2022 dated July 5, 2022 and BPRD Circular Letter No.16 of 2024 dated July 29, 2024, ECL of Stage 1 and Stage 2 is calculated as per IFRS 9, while ECL of Stage 3 has been calculated based on higher of either the Prudential Regulations or IFRS 9 at borrower / facility level for corporate / commercial / SME loan portfolios and at segment / product basis for retail portfolio.

This implies that if one facility of a counterparty becomes 90+ DPD in repaying its contractual dues or as defined in PRs; all other facilities of that counter party shall be considered in stage 2. However, the Bank will apply the definition of default to assess whether the remaining facilities need to be moved to stage 3.

#### Write-offs

The Bank's accounting policy under IFRS 9 remains the same as it was under SBP regulations / existing reporting framework.

#### 4.2.8 Adoption impacts

The Bank has adopted IFRS 9 effective from January 1, 2024 with modified retrospective approach as permitted under IFRS 9. The cumulative impact of initial application of Rs. 1,329.30 million has been recorded as an adjustment to equity at the beginning of the current accounting period. The details of the impacts of initial application are tabulated below:

		IFRS 9 category			
	Delegence of a	Dalarices as 01	January I, 2024		
	Total impose		net of tax		
		ತ			
	Total land	reversarion rotal impact -	gross of tax		
	Doutonal of		provisions		000. 4
		Remeasurem	ents		0000110
Impact due to:	Recognition Adoption of Classifications	due to business Remeasurem	2023 (Audited) credit losses classifications model and SPPI	assessments	
	Adoption of	revised	classifications	under IFRS 9	
	Recognition	of expected	credit losses	(ECL)	
	Balances as of	December 31,	2023 (Audited)		

ASSETS	Balances with other banks	Lendings to financial institutions	Investments classified as:	<ul> <li>available for sale</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>fair value through other</li> </ul>	comprehensive income	<ul> <li>held to maturity</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>amortised cost</li> </ul>	- held for trading	<ul> <li>fair value through profit or loss</li> </ul>	- Associate	
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- Gross amount - Provisions Advances

Other assets - non financial assets Other assets - financial assets Property and equipment Right-of-use assets Deferred tax asset Intangible assets

# LIABILITIES

Lease liability against right-of-use asset Other liabilities - non financial liabilities Other liabilities - financial liabilities Deposits and other accounts Deferred tax liabilities Bills payable Borrowings

# NET ASSETS

Surplus on revaluation of Unappropriated profit assets - net of tax REPRESENTED BY Share capital Reserves

December 31, 2023 (Audited)	of expected credit losses (ECL)	revised classifications under IFRS 9	due to business Remeasurem model and SPPI ents assessments	Remeasurem ents	provisions held	gross of tax	(current and deferred)	net of tax	January 1, 2024	IFRS 9 category
				Rupees in '000 -	000. u					
73 R95 690	(36)	,	1	,	,	(26)	·	(36)	23 895 665	Amortised cost
3.960.115	(679)	1	ı			(479)		(479)	3.959.636	Amortised cost
2,000,000		ı	ı	ı	1		ı		2,000,000	Amortised cost
220 501 912		(220 501 912)		-		(220 501 912)	,	(220 501 912)		
								1.000		
1	(107)	220,501,912	(28,885,390)	(883,825)	634,090	191,366,680	ı	191,366,680	191,366,680	FVOCI
2,756,377	1	(2,756,377)	I	1	1	(2,756,377)	1	(2,756,377)	ı	
1	1	2,756,377	27,508,590	2,791,559	•	33,056,526	1	33,056,526	33,056,526	Amortised cost
			1.376.800			1.376.800		1.376.800	1.376.800	EVTPI
90,210	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	90,210	Outside the scope of IFRS 9
223,348,499	(107)			1,907,734	634,090	2,541,717	] 	2,541,717	225,890,216	
109,703,063	-		•		•		•	,	109,703,063	
(8,115,483)	(5,073,573)	,		,	,	(5,073,573)	1	(5,073,573)	(13,189,056)	
101,587,580	(5,073,573)		1			(5,073,573)	1	(5,073,573)	96,514,007	Amortised cost
4,399,426	T	1	I	Т	1	T	ı	T	4,399,426	Outside the scope of IFRS 9
2,549,241		·	•	1	•		1		2,549,241	Outside the scope of IFRS 9
428,608	ı	1	ı	•	ı	ı	1	1	428,608	Outside the scope of IFRS 9
1,346,748		,	,	1			1,277,170	1,277,170	2,623,918	Outside the scope of IFRS 9
18,697,108	(+69+)	1	ı	ı	ı	(4,694)	ı	(4,694)	18,692,414	FVTPL / amortised cost
973,469	•	•	•	•	•	•	, İ	•	973,469	Outside the scope of IFRS 9
383,186,484	(5,078,878)	ı	1	1,907,734	634,090	(2,537,054)	1,277,170	(1,259,884)	381,926,600	
3,759,078		1		•	1	,	-	,	3,759,078	Amortised cost
50,460,559	t		T	1	I	ı.	1	1	50,460,559	Amortised cost
289,291,561	I	1	i	ı	ı	1	ı	t	289,291,561	Amortised cost
2,407,066	1			i	ı	ı	•	ı	2,407,066	Amortised cost
1 653 675									- 1 653 675	Outside the scope of IFRS 9 Outside the scope of IFRS 9
15.313.261	69.416		,	1	1	69.416		69.416	15.382.677	EVTPL / amortised cost
362,885,200	69,416	.	.	.	].	69,416	.	69,416	362,954,616	
20,301,284	(5,148,294)	.	.	1,907,734	634,090	(2,606,470)	1,277,170	(1,329,300)	18,971,984	
11,027,905	T	ı	T	1	ı	T	ı	ı	11,027,905	
4,343,001	ı	1	ı	ı	•	ı			4,343,001	
124.622	1	I	1	1.920.775	,	1.920.775	(1.185.955)	734,820	859.442	
4,805,756	(5,148,294)	1	1	(13,041)	634,090	(4,527,245)	2,463,125	(2,064,120)	2,741,636	
20,301,284	(5,148,294)	ı		1,907,734	634,090	(2,606,470)	1,277,170	(1,329,300)	18,971,984	



#### 4.3 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The basis for accounting estimates adopted in the preparation of these condensed interim financial statements are the same as that applied in the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023, except for matters related to IFRS 9 which have been disclosed in note 4.2 to these condensed interim financial statements.

#### 4.4 Financial risk management

The financial risk management objectives and policies adopted by the Bank are consistent with those disclosed in the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
		September 30,	December 31,
		2024	2023
5	CASH AND BALANCES WITH TREASURY BANKS	Rupees	in '000
	In hand		
	Local currency	6,061,845	6,046,543
	Foreign currencies	200,290	313,692
		6,262,135	6,360,235
	With State Bank of Pakistan in		
	Local currency current accounts	14,330,872	14,004,087
	Foreign currency current accounts	57,219	84,236
	Foreign currency deposit accounts	268,889	137,551
		14,656,980	14,225,874
	With National Bank of Pakistan in		
	Local currency current accounts	2,920,246	3,272,580
	Local currency deposit accounts	967,412	29,473
	Foreign currency current accounts	1,160	5,162
		3,888,818	3,307,215
	Prize bonds	2,087	2,366
	Less: Credit loss allowance / provision held against cash and		
	balances with treasury banks	(30)	-
		()	
	Cash and balances with treasury banks - net of credit loss		07.005.000
	allowance / provision	24,809,990	23,895,690
6	BALANCES WITH OTHER BANKS		
	In Pakistan		
	In current accounts	1,736,444	1,640,846
	In deposit accounts	372,261	356,021
		2,108,705	1,996,867
	Outside Pakistan		
	In current accounts	637,842	697,145
	In deposit accounts	618,315	1,276,131
		1,256,157	1,973,276
	Less: Credit loss allowance / provision held against balances		
	with other banks	(10,302)	(10,028)
	Balances with other banks - net of credit loss allowance / provision	3,354,560	3,960,115
			2,500,110



			(Un-audited)	(Audited)
			September 30,	December 31,
		Note	2024	2023
7	LENDINGS TO FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS		Rupees	in '000
	Repurchase agreement lendings (Reverse Repo)		-	-
	Placements with financial institutions		10,238,944	2,238,944
			10,238,944	2,238,944
	Less: Credit loss allowance / provision held against lendings to			
	financial institutions	7.1	(174,727)	(238,944)
	Lendings to financial institutions - net of credit loss			
	allowance / provision		10,064,217	2,000,000

				(Un-a Septembe	udited) r 30, 2024	(Audii December	
7.1	Lendings to financial ins of credit loss allowance	•	ulars Note	Lending	Credit loss allowance held	Lending	Provision held
					Rupees i	n '000	
	Domestic						
	Performing	Stage 1		10,000,000	364	-	-
	Performing	-		-	-	2,000,000	-
	Under performing	Stage 2		-	-	-	-
	Non-performing	Stage 3					
	Substandard			-	-	-	-
	Doubtful			-	-	-	-
	Loss		7.2	238,944	174,363	238,944	238,944
				238,944	174,363	238,944	238,944
	Total			10,238,944	174,727	2,238,944	238,944
	Overseas						
	Performing	Stage 1		-	-	-	-
	Under performing	Stage 2		-	-	-	-
	Non-performing	Stage 3					
	Substandard			-	-	-	-
	Doubtful			-	-	-	-
	Loss			-			
				-	-	-	-
	Total			-		-	-

<sup>7.2</sup> The credit loss allowance as of September 30, 2024 includes the forced sales value benefit amounting to Rs. 64.58 million (December 31, 2023: Rs. Nii), availed by the Bank equivalent to the market value of the Pakistan Investment Bonds received by the Bank as part of the settlement agreement against a non performing lending of the Bank. The resulting increase in the unappropriated profit amounting to Rs. 32.94 million (December 31, 2023: Rs. Nii)) is not available for the distribution of cash or stockdividend to shareholders or bonus to employees.



8	INVESTMENTS			udited) er 30, 2024	
8.1	Investments by type:	Cost / amortised	Credit loss allowance	Surplus / (deficit)	Carrying value
		cost		s in '000	
	Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) Federal Government Securities	1,745,708		36,026	1,781,734
	Non-Government Debt Securities	1,064,800	-	(13,809)	1,050,991
		2,810,508	-	22,217	2,832,725
	Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)				
	Federal Government Securities	224,751,365	-	2,144,624	226,895,989
	Shares	739,668	-	(518,233)	221,435
	Non-Government Debt Securities	5,605,042 231,096,075	(165,113) (165,113)	12,196	5,452,125 232,569,549
	Amortised cost (AC)	201,030,070	(100,110)	1,000,007	202,003,043
	Federal Government Securities	18,114,505	-	-	18,114,505
	Associate	102,351	-	-	102,351
	Total investments	252,123,439	(165,113)	1,660,804	253,619,130
				dited) er 31, 2023	
		Cost /	Provision for	(Deficit) /	Carrying
		amortised cost	diminution	surplus	value
	-		Rupee	es in '000	
	Held-for-trading securities	-	-	-	-
	Available-for-sale securities				
	Federal Government Securities	214,878,019	-	(1,716,573)	213,161,446
	Shares	739,668	(634,090)	113,929	219,507
	Non-Government Debt Securities	7,294,466 222,912,153	(165,042) (799,132)	(8,465) (1,611,109)	7,120,959 220,501,912
		222,912,133	(799,152)	(1,011,109)	220,301,912
	Held-to-maturity securities				
	Federal Government Securities	2,756,377	-	-	2,756,377
	Associate	90,210	-	-	90,210
	Total investments	225,758,740	(799,132)	(1,611,109)	223,348,499
				(Un-audited) September 30,	(Audited) December 31,
				2024	2023
8.2	Investments given as collateral		Note	Rupees	in '000
	Pakistan Investment Bonds		8.2.1	11,310,044	39,819,481

8.2.1 These represent the market values of securities at reporting date.



		(Un-audited) September 30,	(Audited) December 31,
		2024	2023
8.3	Credit loss allowance / provision for diminution in value of investments	Rupees	in '000
		799.132	000 / 57
	Opening balance		922,457
	Impact of adoption of IFRS 9	(633,983)	-
	Balance as at January 1, 2024 after adoption of IFRS 9	165,149	922,457
	Charge / (reversals)		
	Charge for the period / year	-	23,089
	Reversal for the period / year	(30)	-
	Reversal on disposals / repayment during the period / year	(6)	(146,414)
		(36)	(123,325)
	Closing balance	165,113	799,132

#### 8.4 Particulars of credit loss allowance / provision against debt securities

		(Un-a	udited)	(Audit	ted)
Category of classification		Septembe	er 30, 2024	December	31, 2023
		Outstanding	Credit loss	Outstanding	Provision
		amount	allowance held	amount	Provision
Domestic			Rupees	in '000	
Performing	Stage 1	5,287,083	71	-	-
Performing		-	-	6,955,917	-
Underperforming	Stage 2	-	-	=	=
Non-performing	Stage 3				
Substandard		-	-	-	-
Doubtful		-	-	=	=
Loss		165,042	165,042	165,042	165,042
		165,042	165,042	165,042	165,042
Total		5,452,125	165,113	7,120,959	165,042
Overseas					
Performing	Stage 1	-	-	-	-
Underperforming	Stage 2	-	-	=	-
Non-performing	Stage 3				
Substandard		-	-	=	=
Doubtful		-	-	=	=
Loss		-	-	=	-
		-	-		-
Total		-	-		-

# 8.5 Summarised financial information of associate

а 1	8.5.1 Investment in accoriate - unlisted	Deriod / vear ended	ar and ad	Number of	Percentage Country of	Country of	Cost
0.0				shares	of holding	incorporation	of holding incorporation Rupees in '000
	Taurus Socuritios Limitod	Sentember 30, 2026. (I In-sudited)	0. (I In-audited)	4. DED 276	20%	Dalvietan	40 504
	Taurus Securities Limited	December 31, 2023 (Audited)	023 (Audited)	4,050,374	30%	Pakistan	40,504
						Drofit after	Total
		Assets	Liabilities	Equity	Revenue	taxation	comprehensive
							income
8.5.2	8.5.2 Summary of financial information of associate		Rupees in '000	Rup	ees in '000		
	Based on financial statements:						
	- October 1, 2023 to September 30, 2024	1,109,700	768,533	341,167	230,721	37,273	40,470
	- October 1, 2022 to September 30, 2023	566,593	265,893	300,701	136,100	31	759

The market value of securities classified as amortised cost as at September 30, 2024 amounted to Rs. 17,735.55 million (held to maturity as at December 31, 2023: Rs. 2,574.49 million). 8.6

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ADVANCES		Performing	ming	Non per	Non performing	Total	а
	-	(Un-audited) September	(Audited) December	(Un-audited) September	(Audited) December	(Un-audited) September	(Audited) December
	NOLE	30,	31,	30,	31,	30,	31,
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
				Rupees in '000Rupees	000. ui s	1	
Loans, cash credits, running finances, etc.		52,446,100	63,954,807	9,852,047	9,600,559	62,298,147	73,555,366
Islamic financing and related assets		14,724,075	32,383,932	2,172,112	2,148,791	16,896,187	34,532,723
Bills discounted and purchased		173,606	73,609	1,541,365	1,541,365	1,714,971	1,614,974
Advances - gross	•	67,343,781	96,412,348	13,565,524	13,290,715	80,909,305	109,703,063
Credit loss allowance / provision against advances	9.3						
- Stage 1		1,007,680	1	•	1	1,007,680	1

à	20	
-		
Je	ge 2	N

- Stage 1	- Stage 2	- Stage 3	<ul> <li>Specific</li> </ul>	- General	

Advances - net of credit loss allowance / provision

			000 000 0	
	•	I	1,007,680	ı
	1	I	702,611	I
11,4	11,447,854	ı	11,447,854	I
	•	8,019,353		8,019,353
96,130	•	ı	1	96,130
	11,447,854		13,158,145	8,115,483
96,316,218 2,1		5,271,362	67,751,160	101,587,580

9.1 Particulars of advances (gross)

In foreign currencies In local currency

109,703,063 109,703,063 80,909,305 80,909,305 1

(Audited) December 31,

September 30,

(Un-audited)

**2024** 2023 ------ Rupees in '000 ------

# The Bank of Khyber

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9.2 Advances include Rs. 13, 565, 52 million (December 31, 2023; Rs. 13, 290.72 million) which have been placed under stage 3 / non-performing status as detailed below:

		(Un-audited)	dited)	(Audited)	ed)
		September 30, 2024	30, 2024	December 31, 2023	31, 2023
Category of classification		Non performing loans	Credit loss allowance	Non performing loans	Provision
			Rupees	Rupees in '000	
Domestic					
Other assets especially mentioned (OAEM)	Stage 3	99,137	53,893	238,941	1,345
Substandard	Stage 3	672,583	460,655	1,172,610	133,064
Doubtful	Stage 3	928,075	670,012	1,071,990	95,419
Loss	Stage 3	11,865,729	10,263,294	10,807,174	7,789,525
		13,565,524	11,447,854	13,290,715	8,019,353
Overseas					
Other assets especially mentioned (OAEM)	Stage 3	•		ı	I
Substandard	Stage 3			ı	I
Doubtful	Stage 3			Т	T
Loss	Stage 3		ı	I	I
		.			
Total		13,565,524	11,447,854	13,290,715	8,019,353

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#### 9.3 Particulars of credit loss allowance / provision against advances

		(Un-audited) September 30, 2024			(Audited) December 31, 2023			
		Credit loss allowance			Provision held			
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Specific	General	Total
				Rup	bees in 000			
	Opening balance Impact of adoption of IFRS 9	1,142,532	96,130 728,117	8,019,353 3,202,924	8,115,483 5,073,573	7,313,193	84,356 -	7,397,549
	Balance as at January 1, 2024 after adoption of IFRS 9	1,142,532	824,247	11,222,277	13,189,056	7,313,193	84,356	7,397,549
	Charge for the period / year Reversals for the period / year	568,052 (702,904)	244,974 (366,610)	878,379 (652,802)	1,691,405 (1,722,316)	867,480 (129,068)	11,774 -	879,254 (129,068)
	Amounts written off	(134,852)	(121,636) -	225,577 -	(30,911) -	738,412 (32,252)	11,774 -	750,186 (32,252)
	Closing balance	1,007,680	702,611	11,447,854	13,158,145	8,019,353	96,130	8,115,483
9.4	Advances - Particulars of credit	(Un-audited) September 30, 2024				(Audited) December 31, 2023		
	loss allowance / provision	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Specific	General	Total
	·			Rup	oees in '000			
9.4.1	Opening balance Impact of adoption of IFRS 9 Balance as at January 1, 2024	1,142,532	96,130 728,117	8,019,353 3,202,924	8,115,483 5,073,573	7,313,193 -	84,356 _	7,397,549 -
	after adoption of IFRS 9	1,142,532	824,247	11,222,277	13,189,056	7,313,193	84,356	7,397,549
	New advances Advances derecognised or repaid Transfer to stage 1 Transfer to stage 2 Transfer to stage 3	449,038 (606,023) 41,892 (72,860) (24,021) (211,974)	80,418 (232,776) (80,135) 116,121 (53,699) (170,071)	11,055 (651,315) (1,487) 128,452 730,890 217,595	540,511 (1,490,114) (39,730) 171,713 653,170 (164,450)	867,480 (129,068) - - - 738,412	11,774 - - - - 11,774	879,254 (129,068) - - - 750,186
	Amounts written off / charged off during the period/ year Changes in risk parameters Closing balance	77,122 1,007,680	48,435 702,611	- 7,982 11,447,854	133,539 13,158,145	(32,252) - 8,019,353	<u>-</u> 96,130	(32,252) - 8,115,483

			(Un-audited) September 30, 2024		(Audited) December 31, 2023		
9.4.2	Advances - Category of classification		Outstanding amount	Credit loss allowance held	Outstanding amount	Provision held	
		-		Rupees in '000			
	Domestic						
	Performing	Stage 1	58,794,678	1,007,680	96,412,348	-	
	Underperforming	Stage 2	8,302,831	702,611	-	-	
	Non-performing	Stage 3					
	Other assets especially mentioned (OAEM)		99,137	53,893	238,941	1,345	
	Substandard		672,583	460,655	1,172,610	133,064	
	Doubtful		928,075	670,012	1,071,990	95,419	
	Loss		11,865,729	10,263,294	10,807,174	7,789,525	
	General provision		-	-	-	96,130	
			13,565,524	11,447,854	13,290,715	8,115,483	
	Total		80,663,033	13,158,145	109,703,063	8,115,483	
	Overseas						
	Performing	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	
	Underperforming	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	
	Non-performing	Stage 3					
	Substandard		-	-	-	-	
	Doubtful		-	-	-	-	
	Loss		-	-	-	-	
			-	-	-	-	
	Total		-	-	-	-	

9.4.3 State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) through BSD Circular No.1 dated October 21, 2011 has allowed benefit of the forced sales value (FSV) of plant & machinery under charge, pledged stocks & mortgaged residential, commercial and industrial properties (land and building only), held as collateral against Non-Performing Loans (NPLs) for a maximum of five years from the date of classification.

As explained in note 4.2, the Bank has adopted IFRS 9 with effect from January 1, 2024. In accordance with the SBP's IFRS 9 Application Instructions (together with BPRD Circular Letter No.16 of 2024 dated July 29, 2024), credit loss allowance / provision against NPLs has been taken at higher of the i) provision as required under SBP's Prudential Regulations; or ii) credit loss allowance computed in accordance with the requirements of the Application Instructions. This has effectively reduced the cumulative FSV benefit availed by the Bank as on period end. As at September 30, 2024, the Bank has availed cumulative benefit of forced sales value of Rs. 139.50 million (December 31, 2023: Rs. 3, 296.30 million). Increase in unappropriated profit amounting to Rs. 71.14 million (December 31, 2023: Rs. 1,681.11 million) is not available for the distribution of cash or stock dividend to shareholders or bonus to employees.

10	PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	Note	(Un-audited) September 30, 2024 Rupees	(Audited) December 31, 2023 s in '000
	Capital work-in-progress Property and equipment	10.1	123,225 4,227,780 4,351,005	104,080 4,295,346 4,399,426
10.1	Capital work-in-progress			
	Civil works		1,632	11,242
	Equipment		112,445	88,837
	Furniture and fixtures		9,148	3,840
	Advances to suppliers		-	161
			123,225	104,080



10.2	Additions to property and equipment	(Un-audited) For the nine months ended		
	The following additions have been made to property and equipment	September 30,	September 30,	
	during the period:	2024	2023 in '000	
	Capital work-in-progress - net additions / (transfers)	19,145	(65,336)	
	Property and equipment			
	Furniture and fixtures	34,355	53,406	
	Electrical, office and computer equipment	234,542	270,331	
	Vehicles	-	19,715	
	Books Leasehold improvements	232,968	31 377,678	
	Leasehold improvements	501,865	721,161	
	Total	521,010	655,825	
10.3	Disposal of property and equipment			
	The net book value of property and equipment disposed off during the period is as follows:			
		0 (77		
	Furniture and fixtures Electrical, office and computer equipment	2,473 545	1,523 339	
	Leasehold improvements	1,063	559 747	
	Total	4,081	2,609	
		(Un-audited)	(Audited)	
		September 30,	December 31,	
11	RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS	2024	2023	
	Buildings			
	At January 1,			
	Cost	4,663,099	2,900,502	
	Accumulated depreciation Net carrying amount at January 1,	(2,113,858) 2,549,241	(1,492,152) 1,408,350	
	Net can ying amount at January i,	2,545,241	1,400,330	
	Additions during the period / year	180,336	1,853,833	
	Terminations during the period / year - at cost	(49,867)	(91,236)	
	Accumulated depreciation on termination	756	60,019	
		(49,111)	(31,217)	
	Depreciation charge for the period / year	(557,304)	(681,725)	
	Net carrying amount at the period / year end	2,123,162	2,549,241	
12	INTANGIBLE ASSETS			
	Capital work in progress	64,257	49.701	
	Licenses and computer softwares	337,158	378,907	
		401,415	428,608	



		•	(Un-audited) For the nine months ended		
		September 30,	September 30,		
12.1	Additions to intangible assets	2024	2023 s in '000		
12.1	Additions to intelligible assets	Rupees	Sin 000		
	The following additions have been made to intangible assets during the period:				
	Directly purchased - intangible assets	_	-		
	Capital work in progress - net	18,565	11,455		
	Total	18,565	11,455		

#### 12.2 Disposals of intangible assets

No intangible assets were disposed off during the periods ended September 30, 2024 and September 30, 2023.

13	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	(Un-audited) September 30, 2024	(Audited) December 31, 2023
		Rupees	in '000
	Deductible temporary differences on		
	Deficit on revaluation of investments - net	-	789,444
	Accelerated accounting depreciation	307,958	216,551
	Credit loss allowance / provision against investments	22,275	88,166
	Credit loss allowance / provision against advances and		
	off balance sheet obligations	2,625,731	248,811
	Credit loss allowance / provision against cash and		
	balances with treasury banks	12	-
	Credit loss allowance / provision against balances		
	with other banks	5,048	4,914
	Credit loss allowance / provision against other assets	40,501	38,333
	Islamic pool management reserves	128,424	100,402
		3,129,949	1,486,621
	Taxable temporary differences on		
	Share of profit of associate	(30,305)	(24,356)
	Unrealised gain on FVTPL investments	(10,886)	-
	Surplus on revaluation of FVOCI investments - net	(1,047,683)	-
	Reversal of credit loss allowance / provision against		
	lendings to financial institutions	(31,467)	-
	Surplus on revaluation of non-banking asset	(40,039)	(45,851)
	Others	(1,243)	(69,666)
		(1,161,623)	(139,873)
	Deferred tax assets - net	1,968,326	1,346,748



		Note	(Un-audited) September 30, 2024 Rupees i	(Audited) December 31, 2023
14	OTHER ASSETS	Note	Rupees	in 000
	Income / mark-up accrued in local currency		16,030,496	13,228,495
	Advances, deposits, advance rent and other prepayments		385,558	201,399
	Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims		266,846	285,561
	Mark to market gain on forward foreign exchange contracts		33,158	31,449
	Acceptances		9,803	3,502
	Pre-IPO investment		100,000	100,000
	Branch adjustment account		24,253	-
	Stationary and stamps on hand		133,218	159,670
	Employees benefits		149,655	206,194
	Clearing and settlement accounts		83,373	190,161
	Receivable from the State Bank of Pakistan		365,185	5,227,550
	Others		58,161	165,678
			17,639,706	19,799,659
	Less: Credit loss allowance / provision held against other assets	14.1	(192,676)	(222,656)
	Other assets - net of credit loss allowance / provision		17,447,030	19,577,003
	Surplus on revaluation of non-banking assets acquired		,,	,
	in satisfaction of claims	21	81,712	93,574
	Other assets - total		17,528,742	19,670,577
14.1	Credit loss allowance / provision held against other asse	ts		
	Income / mark-up accrued in local currency		5,180	-
	Pre-IPO investment		100,000	100,000
	Others		87,496	122,656
			192,676	222,656
14.1.1	Movement in credit loss allowance / provision held again	st othe	r assets	
	Opening balance		222,656	144,426
	Impact of adoption of IFRS 9		4,694	-
	Balance as at January 1, 2024 after adoption of IFRS 9		227,350	144,426
	Charge for the period / year		2,549	78,230
	Reversal for the period / year		(37,223)	-
			(34,674)	78,230
	Closing balance		192,676	222,656
15	BILLS PAYABLE			
	In Pakistan		1,507,141	3,759,078
	Outside Pakistan			-
			1,507,141	3,759,078

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

16	BORROWINGS	(Un-audited) September 30,	(Audited) December 31,
		2024	2023
	Secured	Rupees	in '000
	Borrowings from State Bank of Pakistan (SBP) under:		
	- Export refinance scheme	3,942,000	4,216,900
	- Long term financing facility	3,266,258	3,560,830
	<ul> <li>Refinance and credit guarantee scheme for women entrepreneurs</li> </ul>	29,214	20,262
	- Financing facility for renewable energy	280,260	244,594
	- Refinance facility for modernization of Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs)	52,797	41,019
	- Refinance facility for combating COVID-19	472,876	680,065
	- SME Asaan Scheme (SAAF)	868,707	292,047
	- Financing facility for storage of agriculture produce	94,846	69,231
	- Repurchase agreement borrowings	3,000,000	35,000,000
		12,006,958	44,124,948
	Repurchase agreement borrowings	8,333,852	5,460,611
	Call borrowings	800,000	-
		9,133,852	5,460,611
	Total secured	21,140,810	49,585,559
	Unsecured		
	Call borrowings	-	875,000
	Total	21,140,810	50,460,559

### 17 DEPOSITS AND OTHER ACCOUNTS

18

		(Un-audited)			(Audited)	
	September 30, 2024			December 31, 2023		
	In local	In foreign	Total	In local	In foreign	Total
	currency	currencies	Total	currency	currencies	TOLAI
	Rupees in '000					
Customers						
Current deposits	55,608,820	704,647	56,313,467	47,342,097	769,231	48,111,328
Saving deposits	175,414,927	205,637	175,620,564	132,466,979	24,062	132,491,041
Term deposits	72,331,822	859,770	73,191,592	89,981,071	405,316	90,386,387
Others	13,619,331	-	13,619,331	13,704,470	-	13,704,470
·	316,974,900	1,770,054	318,744,954	283,494,617	1,198,609	284,693,226
Financial Institutions						
Current deposits	183,910	31,190	215,100	395,672	130,518	526,190
Saving deposits	978,104	-	978,104	4,072,145	-	4,072,145
	1,162,014	31,190	1,193,204	4,467,817	130,518	4,598,335
	318,136,914	1,801,244	319,938,158	287,962,434	1,329,127	289,291,561
-						

		(Un-audited) September 30,	(Audited) December 31,
		2024	2023
В	LEASE LIABILITIES	Rupees	in '000
	Outstanding amount at the start of the period / year	2,407,066	1,368,661
	Additions during the period / year	131,410	1,853,833
	Lease payments including interest during the period / year	(694,565)	(992,583)
	Finance charges	322,333	213,486
	Termination / modifications during the period / year	(45,619)	(36,331)
		(286,441)	1,038,405
	Outstanding amount at the end of the period / year	2,120,625	2,407,066



		(Un-audited) September 30, 2024	(Audited) December 31, 2023
18.1	Liabilities outstanding	Rupees	in '000
	Not later than one year Later than one year and up to five years	617,788 1,502,837	656,710 1,750,356
	Total at the period / year end	2,120,625	2,407,066

18.2 The Bank mainly has lease contracts for real estate that are used in its operations including branches and other offices. Generally, the Bank is restricted from assigning and subleasing the lease assets. As a practical expedient, management does not separate lease and non-lease components, wherever applicable. The additions to lease obligations during the period have been discounted at rates ranging between 19.70% to 22.18% (December 31, 2023: 15.22% to 22.37%) per annum; being the relevant incremental borrowing rate of the Bank.

		Note	(Un-audited) September 30, 2024	(Audited) December 31, 2023
		Note	2024 Rupees	
19	OTHER LIABILITIES		Nupees	
15	o men elaberneo			
	Mark-up / return / interest payable in local currency		14,872,975	13,815,556
	Mark-up / return / interest payable in foreign currencies		28,816	15,162
	Unearned commission and income on bills discounted		171,857	227,050
	Accrued expenses and supplier payables		1,031,916	923,465
	Current taxation (provisions less payments)		2,693,020	945,270
	Acceptances		9,803	3,502
	Unclaimed dividends		76,396	61,448
	Mark to market loss on forward foreign exchange contracts		16,523	18,701
	Deferred income on government schemes		1,487	1,547
	Deferred income on Islamic financing		109,843	116,842
	Islamic pool management reserves		262,090	204,902
	Share subscription money refund		1,091	1,091
	Retention money		41,232	45,678
	Bills payment system over the counter (BPS-OTC)		726,001	61,191
	Charity fund balance		40,581	51,459
	Branch adjustment account		_	1,174
	Security deposits against ijarah		48,759	62,708
	Levies and other taxes payable		94.011	38,181
	Credit loss allowance / provision against off-balance sheet obligations	19.1	57,261	
	Others		386,355	372,009
			20.670.017	16,966,936

### 19.1 Credit loss allowance / provision against off-balance sheet obligations

Impact of adoption of IFRS 9	69,416	-
Balance as at January 1, 2024 after adoption of IFRS 9	69,416	-
Charge for the period / year	6,780	-
Reversal for the period / year	(18,935)	-
	(12,155)	-
Closing balance	57,261	-



SHARE CAPITAL 20

20.1 Authorized capital

	(Un-audited)	(Audited)		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
	September 30,	December 31,		September 30,	December 31,
	2024	2023		2024	2023
	Number o	f shares		Rupee	s in '000
	1,500,000,000	1,500,000,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	15,000,000	15,000,000
20.2	Issued, subscribed	and paid up			
	(Un-audited)	(Audited)		(Un-audited)	(Audited)
	September 30,	December 31,		September 30,	December 31,
	2024	2023		2024	2023
	Number o	f shares		Rupee	s in '000
			Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		
	722,698,448	722,698,448	Fully paid in cash	7,226,984	7,226,984
			Issued as fully paid bonus shares:		
	380,092,081	380,092,081	Opening balance	3,800,921	3,800,921
	55,145,460	-	Issued during the period / year (Note 20.3)	551,455	-
	435,237,541	380,092,081	Closing balance	4,352,376	3,800,921
	1,157,935,989	1,102,790,529		11,579,360	11,027,905

20.3 During the period, 55,145,460 shares were issued as fully paid bonus shares in respect of the year ended December 31, 2023.

20.4 The Bank has only one class of shares and at reporting date, the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Ismail Industries Limited held 812,893,803 (December 31, 2023: 774,184,576) and 282,852,969 (December 31, 2023: 269,383,781) ordinary shares respectively. Moreover, the Bank has no reserved shares under options.

21	SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF ASSETS - NET OF TAX	(Un-audited) September 30, 2024 Rupees	(Audited) December 31, 2023 in '000
	Surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of:	[]	
	- Securities measured at FVOCI - Debt	2,156,820	-
	- Securities measured at FVOCI - Equity	(518,233)	-
	<ul> <li>Available for sale securities</li> </ul>	-	(1,611,109)
	- Property and equipment	900,120	900,120
	<ul> <li>Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims</li> </ul>	81,712	93,574
	<ul> <li>Revaluation of investment of associate</li> </ul>	(295)	(3,051)
		2,620,124	(620,466)
	Deferred tax on surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of:		
	- Securities measured at FVOCI - Debt	(1,056,842)	-
	- Securities measured at FVOCI - Equity	9,159	-
	- Available for sale securities	-	789,444
	<ul> <li>Non-banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims</li> </ul>	(40,039)	(45,851)
	- Revaluation of investment of associate	145	1,495

1,532,547 124,622

745,088

(1,087,577)



			(Un-audited) September 30, 2024	(Audited) December 31, 2023
22	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	Note	Rupees	in '000
22	CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS			
	Guarantees	22.1	39,442,675	41,756,059
	Commitments	22.2	15,880,998	17,042,019
			55,323,673	58,798,078
22.1	Guarantees:			
	Financial guarantees		1,293,446	1,282,861
	Performance guarantees		38,143,147	40,467,116
	Other guarantees		6,082	6,082
			39,442,675	41,756,059
22.2	Commitments:			
	Documentary credits and short-term trade-related transactions - Letters of credit		10,237,055	11,987,078
	Commitments in respect of:			
	- Forward foreign exchange contracts	22.2.1	5,138,591	4,503,204
	Commitments for acquisition of:			
	- Property and equipment		202,759	247,197
	- Intangible assets		302,593	304,540
	Other commitments		-	-
			15,880,998	17,042,019
22.2.1	Commitments in respect of forward foreign exchange contracts			
	Purchase		2,314,181	1,652,860
	Sale		2,824,410	2,850,344
			5,138,591	4,503,204

Commitments for outstanding forward foreign exchange contracts are disclosed in these condensed interim financial statements at contracted rates.

### 22.3 Other contingent liabilities

- 22.3.1 There are certain claims which have not been acknowledged as debts. These mainly represent counter claims by the borrowers, claims filed by the former employees of the Bank and certain other claims. Based on legal advice and/or internal assessments management is optimistic that the matters will be decided in the Bank's favour and the possibility of any adverse outcome is remote. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these condensed interim financial statements for the same.
- 22.3.2 The Bank is contesting a case filed by an employee in the Peshawar High Court regarding changes in post retirement benefit plans made by the Bank w.e.f. January 1, 2019. The management based on a legal opinion is of the view that such changes were lawfully made as per Bank's policy and is optimistic about the favourable outcome of the case. Hence, no provision in this respect is recognised in these condensed interim financial statements. Considering the complexity and uncertainty in nature, the financial impact cannot be reasonably ascertained.



- 22.3.3 The matters arising from income tax assessments of the Bank up to Tax Year 2023 are detailed below:
  - i) In respect of Tax Year 2014, the Commissioner Inland Revenue, Appeals (CIRA), issued an order dated November 24, 2021 under section 129 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 in which he remanded back certain matters to Commissioner Inland Revenue (CIR) for reassessment and also upheld few matters. Being aggrieved, the Bank filed an appeal with Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) on February 23, 2022, which is currently pending.

The remand back proceedings were also completed by CIR, and order was issued, creating a total demand of Rs. 231 million (December 31, 2023; Rs. 231 million) in respect of remand back proceedings and for matter upheld by CIRA and mainly included disallowances on account of provision for doubtful debt, depreciation and workers welfare fund. The Bank filed correction application with CIR as well as appeal with CIRA, on May 18, 2022 which is currently pending.

- ii) In respect of Tax Year 2015, Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue issued an order dated February 23, 2023 creating an additional tax demand along with default surcharge of Rs. 645 million (December 31, 2023: Rs. 645 million) under section 161 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, mainly on account of non-deduction of withholding taxes on profit on debt, salaries and wages, advertisement and professional charges etc. Being aggrieved, the Bank filed an appeal before CIRA on March 22, 2023 which is currently pending.
- iii) In respect of Tax Year 2016, Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue issued an order dated June 21, 2022 creating a demand of Rs. 188 million (December 31, 2023: Rs. 188 million) on account of provision for non-performing loans and advances. Being aggrieved the Bank filed an appeal with CIRA on July 22, 2022 which is currently pending.
- iv) In respect of Tax Year 2017, Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue issued an order dated May 29, 2023 creating a demand of Rs. 130 million (December 31, 2023: Rs. 130 million) on account of provision for non-performing loans and advances. Being aggrieved the Bank filed an appeal with CIRA on July 4, 2023 which is currently pending.
- v) In respect of Tax Year 2019, Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue issued an order dated November 30, 2023 creating a demand of Rs. 962 million along with default surcharge under section 161 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, mainly on account of non-deduction of withholding taxes. Being aggrieved, the Bank filed an appeal before CIRA on January 1, 2024, which is currently pending.
- vi) In respect of Tax Years 2022 and 2023, Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue, RTO Peshawar vide its notice dated November 23, 2023, required payment for 40% windfall tax demand of Rs. 252.38 million (December 31, 2023: Rs. 252.38 million) under section 99D of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 read with SRO 1588(I)/2023 on windfall income earned during such tax years. Being aggrieved, the Bank filed a petition before Peshawar High Court (PHC) and stay was granted in favour of the Bank. The matter is currently pending before PHC.
- 22.3.4 The Bank's share of contingencies of it's associated company i.e. Taurus Securities Limited amounts to Rs. 8.62 million (December 31, 2023: Rs. 8.62 million)

Management is confident of a favourable outcome of the above matters. Hence, no provision has been recognised for the same in these condensed interim financial statements.



			(Un-audited)	
			For the nine m	
			September 30,	September 30,
			2024	2023
23	MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EARNED	Note	Rupees	in '000
	Loans and advances		13,210,595	13,817,260
	Investments		26,836,104	20,835,998
	Lendings to financial institutions		1,098,659	1,351,996
	Balances with banks		168,490	220,406
	Sukuk bonds		8,516,629	5,012,353
			49,830,477	41,238,013
23.1	Interest income recognized on:			
	Financial assets measured at amortized cost / held to maturity		16,737,059	15,694,193
	Financial assets measured at FVOCI / available for sale		32,786,611	25,438,346
	Financial assets measured at FVTPL / held for trading		306,807	105,474
			49,830,477	41,238,013
24	MARK-UP / RETURN / INTEREST EXPENSED			
	Deposits		34,289,566	25,918,989
	Borrowings		3,207,581	5,719,197
	Lease liability		322,333	165,498
			37,819,480	31,803,684
25	FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME			
	Branch banking customer fees		22,735	45,793
	Consumer finance related fees		320	445
	Card related fees (Debit cards)		296,154	123,254
	Commission on trade		118,982	81,342
	Commission on guarantees		160,201	153,195
	Commission on remittances including home remittances		50,174	19,748
	Rebate from financial institutions		34,483	16,236
	Others		17,572	9,840
			700,821	449,000
26	GAIN / (LOSS) ON SECURITIES			
	Realised gain / (loss)	26.1	6,514	(70,264)
	Unrealised gain - measured at FVTPL	26.2	35,258	
			41,772	(70,264)
26.1	Realised gain on:			
	Federal government securities		_	740
	Mutual funds		6,514	=
	Shares		-	(71,004)
			6,514	(70,264)
26.2	Net gain / loss on financial assets / liabilities measured at FVTPL:			
	Designated upon initial recognition		_	_
	Mandatorily measured at FVTPL		35.258	_
	Mandatoniy measured at 1 V FE		35,258	
27	OTHER INCOME			
	Rent on property		3,150	1,542
	Gain on sale of property and equipment - net		8,101	-
	Postal, swift and other services		92,660	83,451
	(Loss) / gain on early culmination of lease Service income on Government schemes		(3,492)	1,434 1,936
	Service income on Government schemes		241 100,660	88,363

40



		(Un-audited)	
		For the nine m	
		September 30,	September 30,
		2024	2023
28	OPERATING EXPENSES	Rupees	in '000
	Total compensation expense	3,378,620	2,778,822
	Property expense		
	Rent and taxes	9,376	5,292
	Utilities cost	400,206	302,927
	Security (including quards)	278.072	188.257
	Repair and maintenance (including janitorial charges)	26,309	11,366
	Depreciation - Right of use assets	557,304	518,289
	Depreciation - Non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims	30,577	25,313
	Depreciation - Property and equipment	273,717	247,312
	bepreciation in operty and equipment	1,575,561	1,298,756
	Information technology expenses	1,375,501	1,230,730
	internation teennology expenses		
	Software maintenance	357,027	238,436
	Hardware maintenance	61,295	19,240
	Depreciation - Property and equipment	222,368	191,536
	Amortization	60,314	72,870
	Network charges	7,599	11,183
	Connectivity charges	180,969	106,316
	ATM charges	217,998	45,203
		1,107,570	684,784
	Other operating expenses		
	Directors' fees and allowances	52,290	14,930
	Fees and allowances to Shariah Board	11,543	2,670
	Legal and professional charges	37,176	53,672
	Outsourced service cost	243,356	213,421
	Travelling and conveyance	79,005	53,794
	NIFT clearing charges	21,792	23,375
	Depreciation - Property and equipment	69,265	67,422
	Training and development	10,710	6,994
	Postage and courier charges	34,071	34,432
	Communication	163,193	128,941
	Stationery and printing	112,496	70,414
	Marketing, advertisement and publicity	111,349	88,007
	Auditors' remuneration	14,999	11,430
	Entertainment	48,091	39,341
	Newspapers and periodicals	1,654	1,673
	Brokerage and commission	24,058	26,786
	Rent and taxes	1,260	1,324
	Cash carriage charges	91,097	68,182
	Repair and maintenance	68,940	40,202
	Utilities cost	15,962	11,505
	Insurance	47,287	47,265
	Fees and subscriptions	8,878	8,450
	Deposit protection premium	97,038	75,658
	Others	43,976	63,327
		1,409,486	1,153,215
		7,471,237	5,915,577
29	OTHER CHARGES		

Penalties imposed by State Bank of Pakistan	1,856	3,711
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			(Un-audited) For the nine months ended		
			September 30,	September 30,	
			2024	2023	
30	CREDIT LOSS ALLOWANCE / PROVISIONS AND WRITE OFFS - NET	Note	Rupees i	n '000	
	(Reversal) of credit loss allowance / provision against cash and balances with treasury banks and balances with other banks (Reversal) of credit loss allowance / provision against lendings	5&6	(198)	-	
	to financial institutions Reversal of credit loss allowance / reversal of provision for diminution in	7	(64,217)	-	
	value of investments	8.3	(36)	(111,150)	
	(Reversal) of credit loss allowance / provision against advances	9.3	(30,911)	577,571	
	(Reversal) of credit loss allowance / provision against other assets (Reversal) of credit loss allowance / provision against	14.1.1	(34,674)	78,230	
	off balance sheet obligations	19.1	(12,155)	-	
			(142,191)	544,651	
31	TAXATION				
	Current		3,407,724	2,202,836	
	Prior periods		5,082	-	
	Deferred		3,950	6,316	
			3,416,756	2,209,152	
32	BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE				
	Profit for the period		2,599,097	2,472,959	
			(Number o	f shares)	
				(Restated)	
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares		1,157,935,989	1,157,935,989	
			(Rupe	es)	
	Basic and diluted earnings per share		2.24	(Restated) 2.14	
	basic and anatod earnings per snare		2.24	2.14	

32.1 There were no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding as at September 30, 2024 and September 30, 2023.

### 33 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value of quoted securities other than those classified under held to collect / held to maturity, is based on quoted market price. Quoted securities classified under held to collect / held to maturity are carried at amortised cost. The fair value of unquoted equity securities, other than investments in associates, is determined on the basis of the break-up value of these investments as per their latest available audited financial statements.

In the opinion of the management, the fair value of the remaining financial assets and liabilities are not significantly different from their carrying values since assets and liabilities are either short-term in nature or in the case of customer loans and deposits, are frequently re-priced.

### 33.1 Fair value of financial assets

The Bank measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements:

Level 1: Fair value measurements using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: Fair value measurements using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3: Fair value measurements using inputs that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs).



The table below analyses financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period by the level in the fair value hierarchy in to which the fair value measurement is categorized:

	(Un-audited)					
			September	30, 2024		
-	Carrying		Fair va	alue		
	value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
On balance sheet financial instruments	-		Rupees in '000			
Financial assets - measured at fair value						
Investments						
Federal Government Securities	228,677,723	-	228,677,723	-	228,677,723	
Shares	221,435	132,145	89,290	-	221,435	
Non-Government Debt Securities	6,503,116	-	6,503,116	-	6,503,116	
Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value Investments						
Federal Government Securities	18,114,505	-	17,735,550	-	17,735,550	
Off-balance sheet financial instruments - measured at fair valu	le					
Forward exchange contracts purchase	2,314,181	-	16,523	-	16,523	
Forward exchange contracts sale	2,824,410	-	33,158	-	33,158	
			(Audit	ed)		
			(Audit) December			
-	Carrying			31, 2023		
-	value	Level 1	December Fair va Level 2	31, 2023 alue Level 3	Total	
- On balance sheet financial instruments	value		December Fair va	31, 2023 alue Level 3	Total	
Financial assets measured at fair value	value		December Fair va Level 2	31, 2023 alue Level 3	Total	
Financial assets measured at fair value Investments	value		December Fair va Level 2 - Rupees in '000	31, 2023 alue Level 3		
Financial assets measured at fair value	value 213,161,446	<u> </u>	December Fair va Level 2 - Rupees in '000 213,161,446	31, 2023 alue Level 3	213,161,446	
Financial assets measured at fair value Investments Federal Government Securities Shares	213,161,446 219,507		December Fair va Level 2 - Rupees in '000 213,161,446 81,663	31, 2023 alue Level 3	213,161,446 219,507	
Financial assets measured at fair value Investments Federal Government Securities	value 213,161,446	<u> </u>	December Fair va Level 2 - Rupees in '000 213,161,446	31, 2023 alue Level 3	213,161,446	
Financial assets measured at fair value Investments Federal Government Securities Shares Non-Government Debt Securities Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value	213,161,446 219,507	<u> </u>	December Fair va Level 2 - Rupees in '000 213,161,446 81,663	31, 2023 alue Level 3	213,161,446 219,507	
Financial assets measured at fair value Investments Federal Government Securities Shares Non-Government Debt Securities Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value Investments	value 213,161,446 219,507 7,120,959	<u> </u>	December Fair ve Level 2 - Rupees in '000 213,161,446 81,663 7,120,959	31, 2023 alue Level 3	213,161,446 219,507 7,120,959	
Financial assets measured at fair value Investments Federal Government Securities Shares Non-Government Debt Securities Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value	213,161,446 219,507	<u> </u>	December Fair va Level 2 - Rupees in '000 213,161,446 81,663	31, 2023 alue Level 3	213,161,446 219,507	
Financial assets measured at fair value Investments Federal Government Securities Shares Non-Government Debt Securities Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value Investments Federal Government Securities Off-balance sheet financial instruments - measured at fair value	value 213,161,446 219,507 7,120,959 2,756,377 Je	<u> </u>	December Fair va Level 2 - Rupees in '000 213,161,446 81,663 7,120,959 2,574,496	31, 2023 alue Level 3	213,161,446 219,507 7,120,959 2,574,496	
Financial assets measured at fair value Investments Federal Covernment Securities Shares Non-Covernment Debt Securities Financial assets - disclosed but not measured at fair value Investments Federal Covernment Securities	value 213,161,446 219,507 7,120,959 2,756,377	<u> </u>	December Fair ve Level 2 - Rupees in '000 213,161,446 81,663 7,120,959	31, 2023 alue Level 3	213,161,446 219,507 7,120,959	

33.2 The Bank measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The Bank's policy is to recognize transfers into and out of the different fair value hierarchy levels at the date the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer occurred. There were no transfers between level and 24 during the period.

#### 33.2.1 Fair value of financial assets

#### (a) Financial instruments in level 1

Financial instruments included in level 1 comprise of investments in listed ordinary shares.

#### (b) Financial instruments in level 2

Financial instruments included in level 2 comprise of unquoted equity securities, Sukuks bonds, Pakistan Investment Bonds, Market Treasury Bills, Term Finance Certificates and forward exchange contracts.

#### (c) Financial instruments in level 3

Currently, no financial instruments are classified in level 3.



#### 33.2.2 Fair value of non - financial assets

Certain categories of property and equipment (leasehold land) of Rs. 1,016.28 million (December 31, 2023: Rs. 1,016.28 million) and non banking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims of Rs. 348.59 million (December 31, 2023: Rs. 379.14 million) are carried at revalued amounts (level 3 measurements) determined by professional valuers based on their assessment of the market values. The valuations are conducted by the valuation experts appointed by Bank which are also on panel of State Bank of Pakistan.

#### 33.2.3 Valuation techniques and inputs used in determination of fair values within level 1

Fully paid-up ordinary shares	Fair values of investments in listed equity securities are valued on the basis of closing quoted market prices available at the Pakistan Stock Exchange.
Valuation techniques and inputs used in determinati	ion of fair values within level 2
Pakistan Investment Bonds / Market Treasury Bills	Fair values of Pakistan Investment Bonds and Treasury Bills are derived using the PKRV rates for fixed rate securities and PKFRV rates for floating rate PIB's (Reuters page).
Government of Pakistan (GoP) - ljarah Sukuks	Fair values of GoP Ijarah Sukuks are derived using the PKISRV rates announced by the Financial Market Association (FMA) through Reuters. These rates denote an average of quotes received from eight different pre-defined / approved dealers / brokers.
Term Finance, Bonds and Sukuk certificates	Investments in debt securities (comprising term finance certificates, bonds, Sukuk certificates and any other security issued by a company or a body corporate for the purpose of raising funds in the form of redeemable capital) are valued on the basis of the rates announced by the Mutual Funds Association of Pakistan (MUFAP) in accordance with the methodology prescribed by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan. In the determination of the rates, the MUFAP takes into account the holding pattern of these securities and categorizes these as traded, thinly traded and non-traded securities. However, fair values of investments in unquoted debt securities are valued on the basis of present value technique based on market interest rates.
Unquoted equity securities	Fair value of unquoted equity securities is determined on the basis of the break-up value of these investments as per their latest available audited financial statements.

#### Valuation techniques and inputs used in determination of fair values within level 3

Operating fixed assets (Leasehold land) and nonbanking assets acquired in satisfaction of claims Banker's Association. The valuation is based on their assessment of market value of the properties.

## 34 SEGMENT INFORMATION

### 34.1 Segment details with respect to business activities

	Corporate	Trading and	Retail	Commercial	Total
	Finance	Sales	Banking	Banking	
Profit and loss					
Net mark-up / return / profit	(15,775,552)	32,248,797	(6,332,797)	1,870,549	12,010,997
Inter segment revenue - net	17,622,254	(27,055,127)	7,297,000	2,135,873	-
Non mark-up / return / interest income	5,000	682,321	298,889	349,548	1,335,758
Total income	1,851,702	5,875,991	1,263,092	4,355,970	13,346,755
Segment direct expenses	(4,254,192)	(20,020)	(1,718,291)	(1,480,590)	(7,473,093
Inter segment expense allocation	3,217,647	(3,269,238)	1,011,239	(959,648)	-
Total expenses	(1,036,545)	(3,289,258)	(707,052)	(2,440,238)	(7,473,093
Credit loss allowance	-	64,253	(114,724)	192,662	142,191
Profit before tax	815,157	2,650,986	441,316	2,108,394	6,015,853
		As at Septem	ber 30, 2024 (Ur	n-audited)	
	Corporate	Trading and	Retail	Commercial	Total
	Finance	Sales	Banking	Banking	
Balance sheet					
Cash and bank balances	1,518,892	20,553,955	671,921	5,419,782	28,164,550
Investments	18,114,505	235,402,274	0/1,521	102,351	253,619,130
Net inter segment lending	180,238,370	(247,580,211)	67,851,537	(509,696)	200,010,100
Lendings to financial institutions	100,200,070	10,064,217	-	(000,000)	10,064,217
Advances - performing	_		8,024,448	57,609,042	65.633.490
Advances - non performing	_	_	296.639	1,821,031	2,117,670
	0.007.070	15,179,342	926,452	8,258,884	26,372,650
Others	2,007,972 201,879,739	33,619,577	77,770,997	72,701,394	385,971,707
Others			, .	72,701,394	385,971,707
Others Total assets			, .	72,701,394	385,971,707 21,140,810
Others Total assets Borrowings Deposits and other accounts	201,879,739 9,006,958 179,395,231	33,619,577	77,770,997 72,458,705		21,140,810
Others Total assets Borrowings Deposits and other accounts	201,879,739 9,006,958	33,619,577 11,333,852	77,770,997	800,000	21,140,810
Others Total assets Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Net inter segment borrowing	201,879,739 9,006,958 179,395,231	33,619,577 11,333,852 5,727,406 247,580,211 1,553,858	77,770,997 72,458,705	800,000 62,356,816 509,696 5,638,129	21,140,810 319,938,158 - 24,297,783
Others Total assets Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Net inter segment borrowing Others	9,006,958 179,395,231 (180,238,370) 12,322,795 20,486,614	33,619,577 11,333,852 5,727,406 247,580,211 1,553,858 266,195,327	77,770,997 	800,000 62,356,816 509,696 5,638,129 69,304,641	21,140,810 319,938,158
Others Total assets Borrowings Deposits and other accounts Net inter segment borrowing Others Total liabilities Equity Total equity and liabilities	9,006,958 179,395,231 (180,238,370) 12,322,795	33,619,577 11,333,852 5,727,406 247,580,211 1,553,858	77,770,997 72,458,705 (67,851,537) 4,783,001	800,000 62,356,816 509,696 5,638,129	21,140,810 319,938,158 - 24,297,783

Contingencies and commitments

31,258,963

5,515,553

13,632,329

4,916,828

55,323,673

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

	For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 (Un-audited)				
-	Corporate	Trading and	Retail	Commercial	Total
	Finance	Sales	Banking	Banking	TOLAI
-			Rupees in 000		
Profit and loss					
Net mark-up / return / profit	(10,088,219)	22,014,087	(3,973,698)	1,482,159	9,434,329
Inter segment revenue - net	12,129,128	(18,212,371)	4,457,654	1,625,589	-
Non mark-up / return / interest income	18,555	1,255,888	127,239	310,039	1,711,721
Total Income	2,059,464	5,057,604	611,195	3,417,787	11,146,050
Segment direct expenses	(3,326,601)	(22,446)	(1,145,181)	(1,425,060)	(5,919,288)
Inter segment expense allocation	2,233,574	(2,661,792)	820,799	(392,581)	-
Total expenses	(1,093,027)	(2,684,238)	(324,382)	(1,817,641)	(5,919,288)
Provisions	=	111,150	(72,888)	(582,913)	(544,651)
Profit / (loss) before tax	966,437	2,484,516	213,925	1,017,233	4,682,111
-					
-	Corporate	Trading and	Retail	Commercial	Total
	Finance	Sales	Banking	Banking	Total
			Rupees in 000		
Balance sheet					
Cash and bank balances	3,767,523	18,390,992	623,725	5,073,565	27,855,805
Investments	2,756,377	220,501,912	-	90,210	223,348,499
Net inter segment lending	129,223,472	(198,727,702)	53,921,863	15,582,367	-
Lendings to financial institutions	=	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000
Advances - performing	42,796,073	-	7,546,091	45,974,054	96,316,218
Advances - non performing	626,774	-	49,461	4,595,127	5,271,362
Others	8,284,367	15,551,753	713,214	3,845,266	28,394,600
Total assets	187,454,586	57,716,955	62,854,354	75,160,589	383,186,484
Borrowings	9,124,948	40.460.611		875.000	50.460.559
Deposits and other accounts	164,351,364	40,400,011	58.512.945	66.427.252	289,291,561
Net inter segment borrowing	(129,223,472)	198,727,702	(53,921,863)	(15,582,367)	205,251,501
Others	10,893,179	3.669.864	3,868,165	4,701,872	23,133,080
Total liabilities	55,146,019	242.858,177	8,459,247	56,421,757	362,885,200
Equity	132.308.567	(185,141,222)	54.395.107	18,738,832	20.301.284
Total equity and liabilities	187,454,586	57,716,955	62,854,354	75,160,589	383,186,484
=	.07,404,000	57,710,555	02,004,004	. 0, 100, 000	203,100,404
Contingencies and commitments	37,441,442	4,884,852	3,360,776	13,111,008	58,798,078

### 34.2 Geographical segment

Segment details with respect to geographical locations are not presented in these condensed interim financial statements as geographically the Bank conducts all its operations in Pakistan only.

#### 35 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Bank has related party relationship with its majority shareholders (Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa and Ismail Industries Limited), associate, directors, key management personnel, staff retirement benefit plan and other related parties.

The Bank enters into transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of business and on substantially the same terms as for comparable transactions with person of similar standing. Contributions to and accruals in respect of staff retirement benefits and other benefit plans are made in accordance with the actuarial valuations / terms of the contribution plan. Remuneration to the executives are determined in accordance with terms of their appointments. Further, the Bank acts as a custodian for securities held in Investor Portfolio Securities (IPS) account maintained on behalf of Government of (Nryber Pakhtunkwa having face value of Rs. 40,447.50 million (December 31, 2023: Rs. 20,249.50 million).

Details of transactions with related parties during the period, other than those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these condensed interim financial statements are as follows:

	(Un-audited)			(Audited)				
		As at Septer	nber 30, 2024		As at December 31, 2023			
	Directors	Key management personnel	Associate	Employee funds	Directors	Key management personnel	Associate	Employee funds
				Rupee	s in '000			
Advances								
Opening balance	-	179,490	-	-	-	213,178	-	-
Addition during the period / year	-	29,766	-	-	-	56,183	-	-
Repaid during the period / year	-	(21,247)	-	-	-	(21,626)	-	-
Transfer (out) / in - net	-	1,157	-	-	-	(68,245)	-	-
Closing balance	-	189,166	-	-	-	179,490	-	-
Credit loss allowance / provision held								
against advances		-	-	-		-	-	-
Deposits and other accounts								
Opening balance	13,956	6,467	44,580	3,301,627	3,228	7,637	40,825	2,841,338
Received during the period / year	12,145	116,371	190,090	4,224,918	55,900	131,625	54,125	4,272,781
Withdrawn during the period / year	15,646	110,799	194,731	3,672,296	45,172	130,015	50,370	3,812,492
Transfer (out) / in - net	(8,824)	(18)	-	-	-	(2,780)	-	-
Closing balance	1,631	12,021	39,939	3,854,249	13,956	6,467	44,580	3,301,627
Other liabilities								
Interest / mark-up payable		1	3	163,673	232	1,759	4,532	222,285
			udited)			(Un-au		
	For the	nine months en	ded Septemb	er 30, 2024	For the n	ine months end	ded Septemb	per 30, 2023
	Directors	Key management	Associate	Employee	Directors	Key management	Associate	Employee
		personnel		funds		personnel		funds
				Rupee	s in '000			
Income								
Mark-up / return / interest earned	-	3,394	-	-	-	3,179	-	-
Expense								
Mark-up / return / interest expensed	162	753	7,235	510,566	642	765	3,447	372,542
Operating expenses - Compensation	55,509	174,072	-	-	54,313	142,485	-	-

35.1 As of September 30, 2024, the Bank has an equity investment having cost of Rs. 112.50 million (December 31, 2023: Rs. 112.50 million) and carrying value of Rs. 89.29 million (December 31, 2023: Rs. 81.65 million) in Dawood Family Takaful Limited, a related party.

35.2 Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (GoKP) holds 70.20% shareholding in the Bank and therefore, entities which are owned and / or controlled by the GoKP, or where the GoKP may exercise significant influence, are also related parties of the Bank. The Bank in the ordinary course of its business enters into transaction with various departments of the GoKP and its related entities. Such transactions include advances to, deposits from and provision for other banking services to Government related entities.

Transactions and balances with Government and its related entities, other than those disclosed in the respective notes to these condensed interim financial statements, as at period end includes loans and advances and deposits amounting to Rs. Nil (December 31, 2023; Rs. 43,423 million) and Rs. 179,395 million (December 31, 2023; Rs. 164,351 million), respectively.

Detailed related party disclosure for being government entity is disclosed as required under IAS-24 "Related Party Disclosures". Relevant details are referred in the following notes:

Particulars	Note
Investments	8.1
Shareholding	20

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		(Un-audited) September 30, 2024	(Audited) December 31, 2023
36	CAPITAL ADEQUACY, LEVERAGE RATIO & LIQUIDITY REQUIREMENTS	Rupees	in '000
	Minimum Conital Dequirement (MCD).		
	Minimum Capital Requirement (MCR): Paid-up capital (net of losses)	11,579,360	11,027,905
			.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR):		
	Eligible common equity tier 1 (CET 1) capital	19,446,018	19,747,849
	Eligible additional tier 1 (ADT 1) capital	<u> </u>	-
	Total eligible tier 1 capital	19,446,018	19,747,849
	Eligible tier 2 capital	<u> </u>	173,029
	Total eligible capital (Tier 1 + Tier 2)	21,107,921	19,920,678
	Risk weighted assets (RWAs):		
	Credit risk	69,029,570	75,008,452
	Market risk	10,438,002	13,893,580
	Operational risk	20,243,274	20,243,274
	Total	99,710,846	109,145,306
	Common equity tier 1 capital adequacy ratio	19.50%	18.09%
	Tier 1 capital adequacy ratio	19.50%	18.09%
	Total capital adequacy ratio	21.17%	18.25%
	National minimum capital requirements prescribed by SBP		
	CET1 minimum ratio	6.00%	6.00%
	ADT-1 minimum ratio	1.50%	1.50%
	Tier 1 minimum ratio	7.50%	7.50%
	Total capital minimum ratio	10.00%	10.00%
	Capital conservation buffer (CCB- consisting of CET1 only)	1.50%	1.50%
	Total capital plus CCB	11.50%	11.50%
	Leverage Ratio (LR):		
	Eligible tier 1 capital Total exposures	19,446,018	19,747,849
	Leverage ratio	453,338,491 4.29%	455,665,307 4.33%
		4.25%	4.55%
	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR):		
	Total high quality liquid assets	245,076,000	178,286,835
	Total net cash outflow	91,982,000	88,514,877
	Liquidity coverage ratio	266.44%	201.42%
	Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR):	070 707 000	010.05 ( 700
	Total available stable funding Total required stable funding	230,707,000	210,054,766
	Net stable funding ratio	<u>119,680,000</u> 192.77%	116,062,991 180.98%
	net stable funding fatio	192.//%	100.90%

36.1 The SBP in its application instructions for IFRS 9 has permitted the banks to adopt a transitional approach to phase in the initial impact of ECL for stage 1 and 2 financial assets over a period of five years. Had this relaxation not been availed, the Bank's CAR and Leverage Ratio would have been lower by 0.51% and 0.20% respectively.

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

## ISLAMIC BANKING BUSINESS

37 The Bank is operating 123 (December 31, 2023: 123) Islamic banking branches as at September 30, 2024.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	Note	(Un-audited) September 30, 2024 Rupees	(Audited) December 31, 2023 in '000
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with treasury banks		9,624,012	10,697,876
Balances with other banks		1,118,228	1,169,045
Due from financial institutions	37.1	9,999,636	2,000,000
Investments	37.2	68,979,728	54,438,416
Islamic financing and related assets - net	37.3	14,856,133	33,620,499
Property and equipment		756,494	782,059
Right-of-use assets		640,116	753,238
Intangible assets		-	-
Due from head office		605,254	-
Other assets		5,395,961	3,929,795
Total Assets		111,975,562	107,390,928
LIABILITIES			
Bills payable		438,242	481,636
Due to financial institutions		1,707,391	1,645,347
Deposits and other accounts	37.4	94,592,113	89,314,690
Due to head office		-	1,310,267
Lease liabilities		583,763	659,416
Sub-ordinated debt		-	-
Other liabilities		5,481,412	5,553,646
Total Liabilities		102,802,921	98,965,002
NET ASSETS		9,172,641	8,425,926
	:		
REPRESENTED BY		1 000 000	1 000 000
Islamic banking fund		1,000,000	1,000,000
Reserves		91,961 1 210 554	65,918
Surplus / (deficit) on revaluation of assets	77.0	1,210,554	(97,300)
Unappropriated profit	37.8	6,870,126	7,457,308
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	37.5	9,172,641	8,425,926

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

The profit and loss account of the Bank's Islamic banking branches For the nine months ended September 30, 2024 is as follows:

		(Un-au	udited)	
		For the nine months ended		
		September 30,	September 30,	
		2024	2023	
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT N	ote	Rupees	in '000	
Profit / return earned 3	7.6	13,543,410	11,093,904	
Profit / return expensed 3	7.7	6,275,776	5,292,797	
Net profit / return	•	7,267,634	5,801,107	
Other income				
Fee and commission income	[	257,393	144,360	
Dividend income		391	1,557	
Foreign exchange income		201,272	180,953	
Gain on securities		6,514	667	
Other income		48,551	41,917	
Total other income	•	514,121	369,454	
Total income		7,781,755	6,170,561	
Other expenses				
Operating expenses		3,561,387	2,876,111	
Workers Welfare Fund		-	-	
Other charges		100	-	
Total other expenses		3,561,487	2,876,111	
Profit before credit loss allowance / provision		4,220,268	3,294,450	
(Reversal) of credit loss allowance / provision and write offs - ne	et .	(162,563)	370,871	
Profit before taxation		4,382,831	2,923,579	
Taxation		2,241,906	1,432,554	
Profit after taxation		2,140,925	1,491,025	



Less: Credit loss allowance / provision       (364)       (364)       -       <			(Un-audited)		(Audited)				
Total         currency         currency <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>Sept</th><th>ember 30, 20</th><th>24</th><th>C</th><th>ecember 31, 20</th><th>23</th></t<>			Sept	ember 30, 20	24	C	ecember 31, 20	23	
37.1         Due from financial institutions         currency         currency         currency         currency           37.1         Due from financial institutions         Rupees in '000         2.000,000         -         2.000,000         <		=	In local	In foreign	Total	In local	In foreign	Total	
Unsecured         Placement with other banks         10,000,000         -         10,000,000         2,000,000         -         2,000,000           Less: Credit loss allowance / provision         Stage 1         -		_	currency						
Placement with other banks         10,000,000         -         10,000,000         2,000,000         -         2,000,000           Less: Credit loss allowance / provision         (364)         - </th <th>37.1</th> <th>Due from financial institutions</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th> Rupees in</th> <th>'000</th> <th></th> <th></th>	37.1	Due from financial institutions			Rupees in	'000			
Less: Credit loss allowance / provision       (364)       (364)       -       <		Unsecured							
Stage 1         (364)         (364)         -		Placement with other banks	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	
Stage 2 Stage 3         .			(364)	-	(364)	-	_	_	
Stage 3         - </th <th></th> <th></th> <th>-</th> <th>-</th> <th>-</th> <th>-</th> <th>-</th> <th>-</th>			-	-	-	-	-	-	
credit loss allowance / provision         9,999,636         9,999,636         2,000,000         -         2,000,000           37.2         Investments by segments         (Un-audited) September 30, 2024         September 30, 2024         Carrying allowance         (Deficit)         Carrying value           Debt Instruments           Classified / measured at amortised cost Federal Government securities - GoP ijarah sukuks           - GoP ijarah sukuks         5,027,576         -         -         5,027,576           Classified / measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) Federal Government securities         59,601,637         -         1,176,063         60,777,700           Non - government debt securities         -         -         -         -         -           Objirath sukus         59,601,637         -         -         5,027,576         -         -         5,027,576           Classified / measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)         -         -         -         -         -         -           Total investments         60,7169,213         (39)         1,210,554         68,979,728           - CooP ijarah sukuks         -         -         -         -         -         -           - CooP ijarah sukuks         -			-	-	-	-	-	-	
(Un-audited) September 30, 2024         (Un-audited) September 30, 2024         (Cost / Amortised allowance cost         Debt Instruments         Classified / measured at amortised cost         Federal Government securities - GoP ijarah sukuks									
September 30, 2024         Cost / Amortised cost       Cost / Credit loss allowance       Surplus / Cerrying allowance       Carrying value         Debt Instruments         Classified / measured at amortised cost Federal Government securities - GoP ijarah sukuks       5,027,576       -       -       5,027,576         Classified / measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)         Federal Government securities         - GoP ijarah sukuks       59,601,637       -       -       5,027,576         Non - government debt securities       59,601,637       -       -       -         - GoP ijarah sukuks       51,000,000       (39)       34,491       3,174,452         Classified / measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)       -       -       -       -         Total investments       67,769,213       (39)       1,210,554       68,979,728         Cost / amortised cost       Provision for (Deficit) / cost       Carrying value       -         -       -       -       -       -         -       -       -       -       -       -         -       -       -       -       -       -         -       -       - <t< td=""><td></td><td>credit loss allowance / provision =</td><td>9,999,636</td><td>-</td><td>9,999,636</td><td>2,000,000</td><td>-</td><td>2,000,000</td></t<>		credit loss allowance / provision =	9,999,636	-	9,999,636	2,000,000	-	2,000,000	
37.2       Investments by segments       Amortised cost       Credit loss       Surplus / Carrying value         Debt Instruments         Classified / measured at amortised cost Federal Government securities - GoP ijarah sukuks       5,027,576       -       -       5,027,576         Classified / measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) Federal Government securities       59,601,637       -       -       5,027,576         Classified / measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)       Federal Government securities       59,601,637       -       -       5,027,770         Non - government debt securities       59,601,637       -       -       -       -         Classified / measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)       -       -       -       -         Total investments       67,769,213       (39)       1,210,554       68,979,728         Cost / amortised       Provision for Cost       (Deficit) / amortised       Carrying value          0.01,133       -       (103,525)       50,817,608          -       -       -       -       -          -       -       -       -       -       -          -       -       -       -				_					
Debt Instruments           Classified / measured at amortised cost           Federal Government securities           - GoP ijarah sukuks           5,027,576           Classified / measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)           Federal Government securities           - GoP ijarah sukuks           Non - government debt securities           - GoP ijarah sukuks           Sign of the result o	37.2	Investments by segments			Amortised				
Classified / measured at amortised cost Federal Government securities         - GoP ijarah sukuks       5,027,576       -       -       5,027,576         Classified / measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)         Federal Government securities         - GoP ijarah sukuks       59,601,637       -       1,176,063       60,777,700         Non - government debt securities       59,601,637       (39)       1,210,554       63,952,152         Classified / measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)       -       -       -       -         Total investments       67,769,213       (39)       1,210,554       68,979,728         December 31, 2023         December 31, 2023         December 31, 2023         Cost / amortised cost       000          9)       1,210,554       68,979,728          0       0       Surplus       value          67,769,213       (39)       1,210,554       68,979,728          60,7169,213       -       (Deficit) / diminution       Carrying walue          9,021,133       -       (103,525)       50,817,608 <td colspan<="" th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>-</th><th></th><th> Rupees i</th><th>in '000</th><th></th></td>	<th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>-</th> <th></th> <th> Rupees i</th> <th>in '000</th> <th></th>				-		Rupees i	in '000	
Federal Government securities       5,027,576       -       -       5,027,576         Classified / measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)       Federal Government securities       -		Debt Instruments							
- GoP ijarah sukuks       5,027,576       -       -       5,027,576         Classified / measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)       Federal Government securities       -       -       -         - GoP ijarah sukuks       59,601,637       -       1,176,063       60,777,700         Non - government debt securities       59,601,637       -       1,176,063       60,777,700         Opfigrah sukuks       59,601,637       (39)       1,210,554       63,952,152         Classified / measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)       -       -       -         Total investments       67,769,213       (39)       1,210,554       68,979,728         Cost / amortised       Provision for (Deficit) / Carrying cost       Carrying value       -									
other comprehensive income (FVOCI)           Federal Government securities         59,601,637         -         1,176,063         60,777,700           Non - government debt securities         3,140,000         (39)         34,491         3,174,452           Classified / measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)         -         -         -         -           Total investments         67,769,213         (39)         1,210,554         68,979,728           Cost / amortised         62,741,637         (39)         1,210,554         68,979,728           Cost / amortised         70,769,213         (39)         1,210,554         68,979,728           Cost / amortised         Provision for (Deficit) / Carrying cost         Carrying value         value					5,027,576	-	-	5,027,576	
Non - government debt securities         3,140,000         (39)         34,491         3,174,452           Classified / measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)         62,741,637         (39)         1,210,554         68,979,728           Total investments         67,769,213         (39)         1,210,554         68,979,728		other comprehensive income (FVOCI)							
Classified / measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)         -		- GoP ijarah sukuks		Г	59,601,637	-	1,176,063	60,777,700	
Classified / measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)         December 31, 2023           Total investments         67,769,213         (39)         1,210,554         68,979,728           December 31, 2023		Non - government debt securities			3,140,000	(39)	34,491	3,174,452	
profit or loss (FVTPL)         -          -         -         -				-	62,741,637	(39)	1,210,554	63,952,152	
December 31, 2023           Cost / amortised cost         Provision for diminution         Carrying value					-	-	-	-	
Cost / amortised cost         Provision for diminution         (Deficit) / Surplus         Carrying value           Federal Covernment Securities: - GoP Ijarah Sukuks         -         Rupees in '000		Total investments		-	67,769,213	(39)	1,210,554	68,979,728	
amortised         Totalinan         Central (1)         <						Decembe	r 31, 2023		
Federal Government Securities:         -         50,921,133         -         (103,525)         50,817,608           Non-government debt securities         -         -         6,225         2,381,225           - Power / gas and other Sukuks - listed         2,375,000         -         6,225         2,381,225           - unlisted         1,239,583         -         -         1,239,583         3,614,583         -         6,225         3,620,808					amortised				
- GoP Ijarah Sukuks 50,921,133 - (103,525) 50,817,608 Non-government debt securities - Power / gas and other Sukuks - listed 2,375,000 - 6,225 2,381,225 - unlisted 1,239,583 1,239,583 3,614,583 - 6,225 3,620,808				-		Rupees	in '000		
- GoP Ijarah Sukuks 50,921,133 - (103,525) 50,817,608 Non-government debt securities - Power / gas and other Sukuks - listed 2,375,000 - 6,225 2,381,225 - unlisted 1,239,583 1,239,583 3,614,583 - 6,225 3,620,808									
- Power / gas and other Sukuks - listed - unlisted - unlisted					50,921,133	-	(103,525)	50,817,608	
- Power / gas and other Sukuks - listed - unlisted - unlisted		Non-government debt securities							
- unlisted 1,239,583 1,239,583 3,614,583 - 6,225 3,620,808				Г	2,375,000	-	6,225	2,381,225	
					1,239,583	-	-	1,239,583	
				L	3,614,583	-	6,225	3,620,808	
Total investment 54,535,716 - (97,300) 54,438,416		Total investment		-	54,535,716	-	(97,300)	54,438,416	



		(Un-audited) September 30, 2024	(Audited) December 31, 2023
37.3		Rupees	in '000
37.3	Islamic financing and related assets		
	ljarah	137,783	175,077
	Murabaha	1,875,118	1,684,931
	Diminishing musharaka	8,050,870	8,726,454
	Running musharaka	2,453,705	18,972,415
	Istisna	4,378,662	4,973,663
	Qarze Hasna	49	183
	Gross Islamic financing and related assets	16,896,187	34,532,723
	Less: Credit loss allowance / provision against Islamic financing		
	- Stage 1	230,231	-
	- Stage 2	191,817	-
	- Stage 3	1,618,006	-
	- Specific	-	896,662
	- General	-	15,562
		2,040,054	912,224
	Islamic financing and related assets - net of credit loss allowance / provision	14,856,133	33,620,499
37.4	Deposits		
	Customers		
		AF 77 / F76	07 7/4 000
	Current deposits	25,734,536	23,341,690
	Savings deposits	59,112,194	53,507,331
	Term deposits	6,545,071	6,758,767
	Others	3,016,492 94,408,293	3,733,075 87,340,863
	Financial Institutions	94,400,295	67,340,603
	Current Deposits	24,121	294,991
	Savings deposits	159,699	1,678,836
	odvingo deposito	183,820	1,973,827
		94,592,113	89,314,690
37.5	Contingencies and commitments		
	Guarantees	8,633,382	11,905,753
	Commitments	2,496,524	4,598,814
		11,129,906	16,504,567
		(Un-au	udited)
		For the nine m	•
		September 30,	September 30,
		2024	2023
37.6	Profit / return earned on financing, investments and placements		in '000
	Profit earned on:		
	Financing	4,384,527	5,701,204
	Investments	8,427,256	4,934,629
	Placements	705,919	4,934,829
	Balances with banks	25,708	15,099
	Balances Werbanks	13,543,410	11,093,904
		10,040,410	11,055,904

## NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UN-AUDITED) FOR THE NINE MONTH PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024

		(Un-audited) For the nine months ended		
		September 30,	September 30,	
		2024	2023	
37.7	Profit on deposits and other dues expensed	Rupees	Rupees in '000	
	Deposits and other accounts	5,963,868	4,986,308	
	Due to financial institutions	203,946	271,485	
	Finance charge on lease liability	107,962	35,004	
		6,275,776	5,292,797	
		(Un-audited)	(Audited)	
		September 30,	December 31,	
		2024	2023	
37.8	Islamic banking business unappropriated profit	Rupees	Rupees in '000	
	Opening balance	7,457,308	5,633,781	
	Impact of adoption of IFRS 9	(645,558)	-	
	Balance as at January 1, 2024 after adoption of IFRS 9	6,811,750	5,633,781	
	Add: Islamic banking profit before taxation for the period / year	4,382,831	4,469,430	
	Less: Taxation	(2,241,906)	(2,190,021)	
	Less: Transferred to head office	(2,082,549)	(455,882)	
	Closing balance	6,870,126	7,457,308	

### 37.9 Profit equalization reserve

The profit equalization reserves amounting to Rs. 91.96 million (December 31, 2023: Rs. 65.92 million) classified in other liabilities, which has been presented as reserves in note 19.

## 37.10 Pool management

During the period, no new special pool has been created.

## 38 CORRESPONDING FIGURES

38.1 Comparative information has been re-classified, re-arranged or additionally incorporated in these condensed interim financial statements, wherever necessary to facilitate comparison. The following reclassification has been made in the condensed interim statement of profit and loss account.

Description of item	From	То	(Rupees in '000)
Rebate from financial institutions	Other income	Fee and commission income	16,236

38.2 The effect of reclassification, rearrangement, restatement in the comparative information presented in these condensed interim financial statements due to adoption of revised forms for the preparation of condensed interim financial statements as mentioned in note 4.1 is as follows:

Description of item	From	То	(Rupees in '000)
Right-of-use assets	Property and equipment	Right-of-use assets	2,549,241
Lease liabilities against right-of-use-assets	Other liabilities	Lease liabilities	2,407,066

## 39 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These condensed interim financial statements were authorized for issue in the Board of Directors meeting of the Bank held on October 29, 2024.

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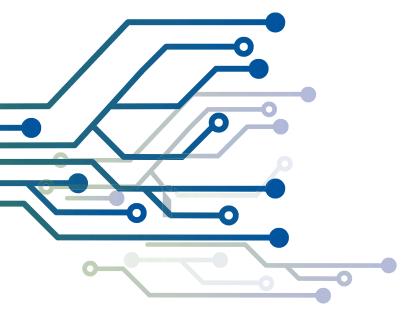
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MANAGING DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

DIRECTOR

DIRECTOR





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